1		SCHOOL SAFETY AMEND	VIENIS
2		2024 GENERAL SESSION	
3		STATE OF UTAH	
4		Chief Sponsor: Ryan D. W	ilcox
5		Senate Sponsor: Don L. Ip	son
6	Cosponsors:	Tyler Clancy	A. Cory Maloy
7	Cheryl K. Acton	Matthew H. Gwynn	Jefferson Moss
8	Melissa G. Ballard	Dan N. Johnson	
9	Jefferson S. Burton	Trevor Lee	
10			
11	LONG TITLE		
12	General Description:		
13	This bill establishes	a system for school safety incidents.	
14	Highlighted Provisions:		
15	This bill:		
16	amends the Inter	national Fire Code;	
17	requires certain s	state buildings and schools to have en	mergency communication
18	systems;		
19	requires school r	esource officer training to be develop	ped by the state security chief;
20	 establishes duties 	s of the state security chief and a cou	nty security chief in relation to
21	school safety initiatives;		
22	• establishes a sch	ool guardian program;	
23	requires threat re	porting by state employees and other	rs if they become aware of
24	threats to schools;		



55

- 25 • establishes some reporting from the SafeUT Crisis Line to the state's intelligence 26 databases; 27 • requires certain school safety data to be included in the annual school disciplinary 28 report; 29 • expands requirements for school resource officer contracts and policies; requires a local education agency (LEA) to ensure that each school within the LEA 30 31 conduct a school safety needs assessment; 32 • requires designation of certain school safety personnel; 33 • clarifies that a school may share certain information regarding an incident of 34 bullying, cyber-bullying, hazing, abusive conduct, or retaliation with a parent upon 35 request; 36 requires a school to provide regular communication updates to a parent regarding 37 the implementation of an action plan to address an incident of bullying, cyber-bullying, hazing, abusive conduct, or retaliation; 38 39 requires an LEA to update the LEA's bullying, cyber-bullying, hazing, abusive 40 conduct, and retaliation policy related to certain social media use of a student; 41 • requires an LEA to designate an individual for bullying incident response and 42 outlines the individual's duties: 43 • requires panic alert devices and video camera access for schools and classrooms; 44 • requires coordination of emergency call information with the state's intelligence 45 system; 46 ► amends process for secure firearm storage under certain circumstances to include 47 school guardians; and 48 makes technical changes. 49 Money Appropriated in this Bill: 50 This bill appropriates in fiscal year 2025: 51 to State Board of Education - Contracted Initiatives and Grants - School Safety and 52 Support Grant Program as a one-time appropriation: 53 from the Public Education Economic Stabilization Restricted Account,
 - One-time, \$100,000,000
 - ► to State Board of Education Contracted Initiatives and Grants Early Warning

30	Program as an ongoing appropriation:
57	• from the Income Tax Fund, \$2,100,000
58	 to State Board of Education - Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind -
59	Administration as an ongoing appropriation:
60	• from the Income Tax Fund, \$45,700
61	 to Department of Public Safety - Programs & Operations - Department
62	Commissioner's Office as an ongoing appropriation:
63	• from the General Fund, \$2,118,100
64	 to Legislature - House of Representatives - Administration as a one-time
65	appropriation:
66	• from the General Fund, One-time, \$11,200
67	to Legislature - Senate - Administration as a one-time appropriation:
68	• from the General Fund, One-time, \$11,200
69	 to Legislature - Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel -
70	Administration as a one-time appropriation:
71	• from the General Fund, One-time, \$19,900
72	Other Special Clauses:
73	This bill provides a special effective date.
74	Utah Code Sections Affected:
75	AMENDS:
76	15A-5-203, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapters 95, 327
77	15A-5-205.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 95
78	17-22-2, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 15
79	53-1-108, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 302
80	53-10-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 302
81	53-22-101, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 383
82	53-22-102, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 383
83	53-22-103, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 383
84	53B-17-1201, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 440
85	53B-17-1202, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 440
86	53B-17-1203, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 328

```
87
              53B-17-1204, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 365
 88
              53E-3-516, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapters 115, 161
 89
              53E-3-518, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 70
 90
              53E-3-702, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 186
 91
              53E-3-706, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 421
 92
              53F-4-207, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 208
 93
              53F-5-220, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 383
 94
              53G-6-806, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 70
 95
              53G-8-213, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 161
 96
              53G-8-701, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 383
 97
              53G-8-702, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 383
 98
              53G-8-703, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 383
 99
              53G-8-801, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 441
              53G-8-802, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapters 328, 383
100
101
              53G-8-803, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 390
102
              53G-9-601, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 423
103
              53G-9-602, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 3
104
              53G-9-603, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 3
              53G-9-604, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 423
105
106
              53G-9-605, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 293
              53G-9-606, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 399
107
108
              53G-9-607, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 408
109
              63H-7a-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 368
110
              63H-7a-208, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 368
              63I-1-253 (Eff 07/01/24) (Cont Sup 01/01/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023,
111
112
       Chapters 30, 52, 133, 161, 310, 367, and 494
113
              63I-1-253 (Contingently Effective 01/01/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023,
114
       Chapters 30, 52, 133, 161, 187, 310, 367, and 494
115
              63I-2-253 (Superseded 07/01/24), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapters 7,
116
       21, 33, 142, 167, 168, 380, 383, and 467
              631-2-253 (Effective 07/01/24), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapters 7, 21,
117
```

118	33, 142, 167, 168, 310, 380, 383, and 467
119	76-10-505.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 141
120	ENACTS:
121	53-10-117 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
122	53-22-104.1 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
123	53-22-104.2 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
124	53-22-105 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
125	53-22-106 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
126	53G-8-701.6 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
127	53G-8-701.8 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
128	53G-8-704, Utah Code Annotated 1953
129	53G-8-805 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
130	53G-9-605.5 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
131	REPEALS AND REENACTS:
132	53G-8-701.5, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 383
133	REPEALS:
134	53G-8-703.2, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 383
135	
136	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
137	Section 1. Section 15A-5-203 is amended to read:
138	15A-5-203. Amendments and additions to IFC related to fire safety, building, and
139	site requirements.
140	(1) For IFC, Chapter 5, Fire Service Features:
141	(a) In IFC, Chapter 5, a new Section 501.5, Access grade and fire flow, is added as
142	follows: "An authority having jurisdiction over a structure built in accordance with the
143	requirements of the International Residential Code as adopted in the State Construction Code,
144	may require an automatic fire sprinkler system for the structure only by ordinance and only if
145	any of the following conditions exist:
146	(i) the structure:
147	(A) is located in an urban-wildland interface area as provided in the Utah Wildland
148	Urban Interface Code adopted as a construction code under the State Construction Code; and

158

159

160

161

162

163 164

165

166

167

168

169

170

171

172

173

174

175

176

177

178

179

- 149 (B) does not meet the requirements described in Utah Code, Subsection 65A-8-203(4)(a) and Utah Administrative Code, R652-122-1300, Minimum Standards for 150 151 County Wildland Fire Ordinance; 152 (ii) the structure is in an area where a public water distribution system with fire 153 hydrants does not exist as required in Utah Administrative Code, R309-550-5, Water Main 154 Design; 155 156
 - (iii) the only fire apparatus access road has a grade greater than 10% for more than 500 continual feet:
 - (iv) the total floor area of all floor levels within the exterior walls of the dwelling unit exceeds 10,000 square feet; or
 - (v) the total floor area of all floor levels within the exterior walls of the dwelling unit is double the average of the total floor area of all floor levels of unsprinkled homes in the subdivision that are no larger than 10,000 square feet.
 - (vi) Exception: A single family dwelling does not require a fire sprinkler system if the dwelling:
 - (A) is located outside the wildland urban interface;
 - (B) is built in a one-lot subdivision; and
 - (C) has 50 feet of defensible space on all sides that limits the propensity of fire spreading from the dwelling to another property."
 - (b) In IFC, Chapter 5, Section 506.1, Where Required, is deleted and rewritten as follows: "Where access to or within a structure or an area is restricted because of secured openings or where immediate access is necessary for life-saving or fire-fighting purposes, the fire code official, after consultation with the building owner, may require a key box to be installed in an approved location. The key box shall contain keys to gain necessary access as required by the fire code official. For each fire jurisdiction that has at least one building with a required key box, the fire jurisdiction shall adopt an ordinance, resolution, or other operating rule or policy that creates a process to ensure that each key to each key box is properly accounted for and secure."
 - (c) In IFC, Chapter 5, a new Section 507.1.1, Isolated one- and two-family dwellings, is added as follows: "Fire flow may be reduced for an isolated one- and two-family dwelling when the authority having jurisdiction over the dwelling determines that the development of a

- 180 full fire-flow requirement is impractical."
- 181 (d) In IFC, Chapter 5, a new Section 507.1.2, Pre-existing subdivision lots, is added as follows:
- 183 "507.1.2 Pre-existing subdivision lots.

The requirements for a pre-existing subdivision lot shall not exceed the requirements described in Section 501.5."

- (e) In IFC, Chapter 5, Section 507.5.1, here required, a new exception is added: "3. One interior and one detached accessory dwelling unit on a single residential lot."
- (f) IFC, Chapter 5, Section 510.1, Emergency responder communication coverage in new buildings, is amended by adding: "When required by the fire code official, unless the new building is a public school as that term is defined in Section 53G-9-205.1 or a private school, then the fire code official shall require," at the beginning of the first paragraph.
 - (2) For IFC, Chapter 6, Building Services and Systems:
- (a) IFC, Chapter 6, Section 604.6.1, Elevator key location, is deleted and rewritten as follows: "Firefighter service keys shall be kept in a "Supra-Stor-a-key" elevator key box or similar box with corresponding key system that is adjacent to the elevator for immediate use by the fire department. The key box shall contain one key for each elevator, one key for lobby control, and any other keys necessary for emergency service. The elevator key box shall be accessed using a 6049 numbered key."
- (b) IFC, Chapter 6, Section 606.1, General, is amended as follows: On line three, after the word "Code", add the words "and NFPA 96".
- (c) IFC, Chapter 6, Section 607.2, a new exception 5 is added as follows: "5. A Type 1 hood is not required for a cooking appliance in a microenterprise home kitchen, as that term is defined in Utah Code, Section 26B-7-401, for which the operator obtains a permit in accordance with Utah Code, Title 26, Chapter 15c, Microenterprise Home Kitchen Act."
- (3) For IFC, Chapter 7, Fire and Smoke Protection Features, IFC, Chapter 7, Section 705.2, is amended to add the following: "Exception: In Group E Occupancies, where the corridor serves an occupant load greater than 30 and the building does not have an automatic fire sprinkler system installed, the door closers may be of the friction hold-open type on classrooms' doors with a rating of 20 minutes or less only."
 - Section 2. Section **15A-5-205.5** is amended to read:

240

241

R-2 are deleted.

- 211 15A-5-205.5. Amendments to Chapters 11 and 12 of IFC. 212 (1) For IFC, Chapter 11, Construction Requirements for Existing Buildings: 213 (a) IFC, Chapter 11, Section 1103.2, Emergency Responder Communication Coverage 214 in Existing Buildings, is amended as follows: On line two after the title, the following is added: 215 "When required by the fire code official, unless the existing building is a public school as that 216 term is defined in Section 53G-9-205.1 or a private school, then the fire code official shall 217 require,". 218 (b) IFC, Chapter 11, Section 1103.5.1, Group A-2, is deleted and replaced with the 219 following: 220 "1103.5.1 Group A-2. An automatic fire sprinkler system shall be provided throughout 221 existing Group A-2 occupancies where indoor pyrotechnics are used." 222 (c) IFC, Chapter 11, Section 1103.6, Standpipes, is deleted. 223 (d) IFC, Chapter 11, 1103.7, Fire Alarm Systems, is deleted and rewritten as follows: 224 "1103.7, Fire Alarm Systems. The following shall have an approved fire alarm system installed 225 in accordance with Utah Administrative Code, R710-4, Buildings Under the Jurisdiction of the 226 Utah Fire Prevention Board: 227 1. a building with an occupant load of 300 or more persons that is owned or operated 228 by the state; 229 2. a building with an occupant load of 300 or more persons that is owned or operated 230 by an institution of higher education; and 231 3. a building with an occupant load of 50 or more persons that is owned or operated by 232 a school district, private school, or charter school. 233 Exception: the requirements of this section do not apply to a building designated as an 234 Institutional Group I (as defined in IFC 202) occupancy." 235 (e) IFC, Chapter 11, 1103.7.1 Group E, 1103.7.2 Group I-1, 1103.7.3 Group I-2, 236 1103.7.4 Group I-3, 1103.7.5 Group R-1, 1103.7.5.1 Group R-1 hotel and motel manual fire 237 alarm system, 1103.7.5.1.1 Group R-1 hotel and motel automatic smoke detection system, 238 1103.7.5.2 Group R-1 boarding and rooming houses manual fire alarm system, 1103.7.5.2.1
 - (f) IFC, Chapter 11, Section 1103.5.4, High-rise buildings, is amended as follows: On

Group R-1 boarding and rooming houses automatic smoke detection system, 1103.7.6 Group

246

247

248

252

253254

255256

257

258

259

260

261

262

263

264

265

266

267

268

269

270

271

272

- line two, delete "not been adopted" and replace with "been adopted."
- 243 (g) IFC, Chapter 11, Section 1103.9, Carbon monoxide alarms, is deleted and rewritten 244 as follows:
 - "1103.9 Carbon Monoxide Detection.
 - Existing Groups E, I-1, I-2, I-4, and R occupancies shall be equipped with carbon monoxide detection in accordance with Section 915."
 - (2) For IFC, Chapter 12, Energy Systems:
- 249 (a) Delete the section title "1205.2.1 Solar photovoltaic systems for Group R-3
 250 buildings" and replace with the section title "1205.2.1 Solar photovoltaic systems for Group
 251 R-3 and buildings constructed in accordance with IRC."
 - (b) Section 1205.2.1, Solar photovoltaic systems for Group R-3 buildings, Exception 1 is deleted, Exception 2 is renumbered to 1 and a second exception is added as follows: "2. Reduction in pathways and clear access width are permitted where a rational approach has been used and the reduction is warranted and approved by the Fire Code Official."
 - (c) Section 1205.3.1 Perimeter pathways, and 1205.3.2 Interior pathways, are deleted and rewritten as follows: "1204.3.1 Perimeter pathways. There shall be a minimum three foot wide (914 mm) clear perimeter around the edges of the roof. The solar installation shall be designed to provide designated pathways. The pathways shall meet the following requirements:
 - 1. The pathway shall be over areas capable of supporting the live load of fire fighters accessing the roof.
 - 2. The centerline axis pathways shall be provided in both axes of the roof. Centerline axis pathways shall run where the roof structure is capable of supporting the live load of fire fighters accessing the roof.
 - 3. Smoke and heat vents required by Section 910.2.1 or 910.2.2 shall be provided with a clear pathway width of not less than three feet (914 mm) to the vents.
 - 4. Access to roof area required by Section 504.3 or 1011.12 shall be provided with a clear pathway width of not less than three feet (914 mm) around access opening and at least three feet (914 mm) clear pathway to parapet or roof edge."
 - (d) Section 1205.3.3, Smoke ventilation, is deleted and rewritten as follows: "1205.3.2, Smoke ventilation. The solar installation shall be designed to meet the following requirements:
 - 1. Arrays shall be no greater than 150 feet (45720 mm) by 150 feet (45720 mm) in

276

279

280

281

282

283

284

285

286

287

288

289

290

291

292

293

294

295

296

297

298

299

300

301

302

303

- distance in either axis in order to create opportunities for fire department smoke ventilationoperations.
 - 2. Smoke ventilation options between array sections shall be one of the following:
 - 2.1 A pathway six feet (1829 mm) or greater in width.
- 2.2 A pathway three feet (914 mm) or greater in width and bordering roof skylights or smoke and heat vents when required by Section 910.2.1 or Section 910.2.2.
 - 2.3 Smoke and heat vents designed for remote operation using devices that can be connected to the vent by mechanical, electrical, or any other suitable means, protected as necessary to remain operable for the design period. Controls for remote operation shall be located in a control panel, clearly identified and located in an approved location.
 - 3. Where gravity-operated dropout smoke and heat vents occur, a pathway three feet (914 mm) or greater in width on not fewer than one side."
 - Section 3. Section 17-22-2 is amended to read:

17-22-2. Sheriff -- General duties.

- (1) The sheriff shall:
- (a) preserve the peace;
- (b) make all lawful arrests;
- (c) attend in person or by deputy the Supreme Court and the Court of Appeals when required or when the court is held within his county, all courts of record, and court commissioner and referee sessions held within his county, obey their lawful orders and directions, and comply with the court security rule, Rule 3-414, of the Utah Code of Judicial Administration;
- (d) upon request of the juvenile court, aid the court in maintaining order during hearings and transport a minor to and from youth corrections facilities, other institutions, or other designated places;
- (e) attend county justice courts if the judge finds that the matter before the court requires the sheriff's attendance for security, transportation, and escort of jail prisoners in his custody, or for the custody of jurors;
- (f) command the aid of as many inhabitants of [his] the sheriff's county as [he] the sheriff considers necessary in the execution of these duties;
 - (g) take charge of and keep the county jail and the jail prisoners;

331

332

333

334

	02-20-24 10.40 AM 5 Sub. (Salmon) 11.D.
304	(h) receive and safely keep all persons committed to [his] the sheriff's custody, file and
305	preserve the commitments of those persons in custody, and record the name, age, place of birth
306	and description of each person committed;
307	(i) release on the record all attachments of real property when the attachment [he] the
308	sheriff receives has been released or discharged;
309	(j) endorse on all process and notices the year, month, day, hour, and minute of
310	reception, and, upon payment of fees, issue a certificate to the person delivering process or
311	notice showing the names of the parties, title of paper, and the time of receipt;
312	(k) serve all process and notices as prescribed by law;
313	(l) if [he] the sheriff makes service of process or notice, certify on the process or
314	notices the manner, time, and place of service, or, if [he] the sheriff fails to make service,
315	certify the reason upon the process or notice, and return them without delay;
316	(m) extinguish fires occurring in the undergrowth, trees, or wooded areas on the public
317	land within his county;
318	(n) perform as required by any contracts between the county and private contractors fo
319	management, maintenance, operation, and construction of county jails entered into under the
320	authority of Section 17-53-311;
321	(o) for the sheriff of a county of the second through sixth class that enters into an
322	interlocal agreement for law enforcement service under Title 11, Chapter 13, Interlocal
323	Cooperation Act, provide law enforcement service as provided in the interlocal agreement;
324	(p) manage and direct search and rescue services in his county, including emergency
325	medical responders and other related incident response activities;
326	(q) obtain saliva DNA specimens as required under Section 53-10-404;
327	(r) on or before January 1, 2003, adopt a written policy that prohibits the stopping,
328	detention, or search of any person when the action is solely motivated by considerations of
329	race, color, ethnicity, age, or gender;
330	(s) as applicable, select a representative of law enforcement to serve as a member of a

(s) as applicable, select a representative of law enforcement to serve as a member of a child protection team, as defined in Section 80-1-102;

(t) appoint a county security chief in accordance with Section 53-22-103 and ensure the county security chief fulfills the county security chief's duties; and

[(t)] (u) perform any other duties that are required by law.

333	(2) (a) Violation of Subsection (1)(j) is a class C misdemeanor.
336	(b) Violation of any other subsection under Subsection (1) is a class A misdemeanor.
337	(3) (a) As used in this Subsection (3):
338	(i) "Police interlocal entity" [has the same meaning as defined in] means the same as
339	that term is defined in Sections 17-30-3 and 17-30a-102.
340	(ii) "Police special district" means the same as that term is defined in Section 17-30-3.
341	(b) Except as provided in Subsections (3)(c) and 11-13-202(4), a sheriff in a county
342	which includes within its boundary a police special district or police interlocal entity, or both:
343	(i) serves as the chief executive officer of each police special district and police
344	interlocal entity within the county with respect to the provision of law enforcement service
345	within the boundary of the police special district or police interlocal entity, respectively; and
346	(ii) is subject to the direction of the police special district board of trustees or police
347	interlocal entity governing body, as the case may be, as and to the extent provided by
348	agreement between the police special district or police interlocal entity, respectively, and the
349	sheriff.
350	(c) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(b), and except as provided in Subsection
351	11-13-202(4), if a police interlocal entity or police special district enters an interlocal
352	agreement with a public agency, as defined in Section 11-13-103, for the provision of law
353	enforcement service, the sheriff:
354	(i) does not serve as the chief executive officer of any interlocal entity created under
355	that interlocal agreement, unless the agreement provides for the sheriff to serve as the chief
356	executive officer; and
357	(ii) shall provide law enforcement service under that interlocal agreement as provided
358	in the agreement.
359	Section 4. Section 53-1-108 is amended to read:
360	53-1-108. Commissioner's powers and duties.
361	(1) In addition to the responsibilities contained in this title, the commissioner shall:
362	(a) administer and enforce this title and Title 41, Chapter 12a, Financial Responsibility
363	of Motor Vehicle Owners and Operators Act;
364	(b) appoint deputies, inspectors, examiners, clerical workers, and other employees as
365	required to properly discharge the duties of the department;

366	(c) make rules:
367	(i) governing emergency use of signal lights on private vehicles; and
368	(ii) allowing privately owned vehicles to be designated for part-time emergency use, as
369	provided in Section 41-6a-310;
370	(d) set standards for safety belt systems, as required by Section 41-6a-1803;
371	(e) serve as the cochair of the Emergency Management Administration Council, as
372	required by Section 53-2a-105;
373	(f) designate vehicles as "authorized emergency vehicles," as required by Section
374	41-6a-102; and
375	(g) on or before January 1, 2003, adopt a written policy that prohibits the stopping,
376	detention, or search of any person when the action is solely motivated by considerations of
377	race, color, ethnicity, age, or gender.
378	(2) The commissioner may:
379	(a) subject to the approval of the governor, establish division headquarters at various
380	places in the state;
381	(b) issue to a special agent a certificate of authority to act as a peace officer and revoke
382	that authority for cause, as authorized in Section 56-1-21.5;
383	(c) create specialized units within the commissioner's office for conducting internal
384	affairs and aircraft operations as necessary to protect the public safety;
385	(d) cooperate with any recognized agency in the education of the public in safety and
386	crime prevention and participate in public or private partnerships, subject to Subsection (3);
387	(e) cooperate in applying for and distributing highway safety program funds;
388	(f) receive and distribute federal funding to further the objectives of highway safety in
389	compliance with Title 63J, Chapter 5, Federal Funds Procedures Act; [and]
390	(g) authorize off-duty personal use of Department of Public Safety emergency
391	vehicles[-]; and
392	(h) deny or revoke a public or private school's occupancy permit based on the
393	recommendations of the state security chief as described in Section 53-22-102.
394	(3) (a) Money may not be expended under Subsection (2)(d) for public safety education
395	unless it is specifically appropriated by the Legislature for that purpose.
396	(b) Any recognized agency receiving state money for public safety shall file with the

397	auditor of the state an itemized statement of all its receipts and expenditures.
398	Section 5. Section 53-10-117 is enacted to read:
399	53-10-117. Law enforcement agency with school resource officer unit Policy.
400	(1) A law enforcement agency with a school resource officer unit shall develop a
401	school resource officer policy.
402	(2) The law enforcement agency shall ensure the policy described in Subsection (1)
403	includes:
404	(a) the process for assignment and selection of a school resource officer;
405	(b) required training of a school resource officer;
406	(c) internal reporting requirements;
407	(d) arrest and use of force protocols;
408	(e) general oversight and accountability; and
409	(f) other duties required of a school resource officer.
410	(3) The state security chief described in Section 53-22-102 shall create a model policy
411	consistent with this section.
412	(4) A law enforcement agency may adopt the model policy described in Subsection (3).
413	Section 6. Section 53-10-302 is amended to read:
414	53-10-302. Bureau duties.
415	The bureau shall:
416	(1) provide assistance and investigative resources to divisions within the Department of
417	Public Safety;
418	(2) upon request, provide assistance and specialized law enforcement services to local
419	law enforcement agencies;
420	(3) conduct financial investigations regarding suspicious cash transactions, fraud, and
421	money laundering;
422	(4) investigate criminal activity of organized crime networks, gangs, extremist groups,
423	and others promoting violence;
424	(5) investigate criminal activity of terrorist groups;
425	(6) enforce the Utah Criminal Code;
426	(7) cooperate and exchange information with other state agencies and with other law
427	enforcement agencies of government, both within and outside of this state, through a statewide

428	information and interrigence center to obtain information that may achieve more effective
429	results in the prevention, detection, and control of crime and apprehension of criminals,
430	including systems described in Sections 53E-3-518, 53B-17-1202, and 63H-7a-103(14);
431	(8) create and maintain a statewide criminal intelligence system;
432	(9) provide specialized case support and investigate illegal drug production,
433	cultivation, and sales;
434	(10) investigate, follow-up, and assist in highway drug interdiction cases;
435	(11) make rules to implement this chapter;
436	(12) perform the functions specified in Part 2, Bureau of Criminal Identification;
437	(13) provide a state cybercrime unit to investigate computer and network intrusion
438	matters involving state-owned computer equipment and computer networks as reported under
439	Section 76-6-705;
440	(14) investigate violations of Section 76-6-703 and other computer related crimes,
441	including:
442	(a) computer network intrusions;
443	(b) denial of services attacks;
444	(c) computer related theft or fraud;
445	(d) intellectual property violations; and
446	(e) electronic threats; [and]
447	(15) upon request, investigate the following offenses when alleged to have been
448	committed by an individual who is currently or has been previously elected, appointed, or
449	employed by a governmental entity:
450	(a) criminal offenses; and
451	(b) matters of public corruption[- - - -
452	(16) (a) [The bureau is] not be prohibited from investigating crimes not specifically
453	referred to in this section; and
454	(b) other agencies are not prohibited from investigating crimes referred to in this
455	section.
456	Section 7. Section 53-22-101 is amended to read:
457	53-22-101. School Security Act Definitions.
458	As used in this chapter:

459	(1) "Advisory board" means the Education Advisory Board created in Section
460	<u>53-22-104.2.</u>
461	(2) "County security chief" means the individual whom a county sheriff appoints in
462	accordance with Section 53-22-103 to oversee school safety.
463	(3) "Local education agency" means the same as that term is defined in Section
464	<u>53E-1-102.</u>
465	(4) "Public school" means the same as that term is defined in Section 53G-9-205.1.
466	(5) "School" means an elementary school or a secondary school that:
467	(a) is a public school; and
468	(b) provides instruction for one or more of the grades of kindergarten through grade 12.
469	(6) "School is in session" means the same as the term is defined in Section 53E-3-516.
470	[(2)] (7) "School resource officer" [or "SRO"] means [a law enforcement officer hired
471	by a public school in accordance with Section 53G-8-703] the same as that term is defined in
472	<u>Section 53G-8-701</u> .
473	[(3)] (8) "State security chief" means an individual appointed by the commissioner
474	under Section 53-22-102.
475	(9) "Task force" means the School Security Task Force created in Section 53-22-104.1.
476	Section 8. Section 53-22-102 is amended to read:
477	53-22-102. State security chief Creation Appointment.
478	(1) There is created within the department a state security chief.
479	(2) The state security chief:
480	(a) is appointed by the commissioner with the approval of the governor;
481	(b) is subject to the supervision and control of the commissioner;
482	(c) may be removed at the will of the commissioner;
483	(d) shall be qualified by experience and education to:
484	(i) enforce the laws of this state relating to school safety;
485	(ii) perform duties prescribed by the commissioner; and
486	(iii) enforce rules made under this chapter.
487	[(3) The duties and responsibilities of the state security chief shall be determined by the
488	Commissioner of Public Safety in conjunction with the School Security Task Force created in
489	Section 53-22-104.]

490	(3) The state security chief shall:
491	(a) establish building and safety standards for all public and private schools including:
492	(i) coordinating with the State Board of Education to establish the required minimum
493	safety and security standards for all public and private school facilities, including:
494	(A) limited entry points, including, if applicable, secured entry points for specific
495	student grades or groups;
496	(B) video surveillance of entrances when school is in session;
497	(C) ground level windows protected by security film or ballistic windows;
498	(D) internal classroom door locks;
499	(E) bleed kits and first aid kits;
500	(F) exterior cameras on entrances, parking areas, and campus grounds; and
501	(G) fencing around playgrounds;
502	(ii) establishing a schedule or timeline for existing buildings to come into compliance
503	with this section;
504	(iii) creating a process to examine plans and specifications for construction or
505	remodeling of a school building, in accordance with Section 53E-3-706;
506	(iv) recommending to the commissioner the denial or revocation a public or private
507	school's occupancy permit for a building if:
508	(A) the building does not meet the standards established in this section; and
509	(B) after consultation with the local governing board, the building remains
510	non-compliant with the standards established in this section;
511	(v) creating minimum standards for radio communication equipment in every school;
512	<u>and</u>
513	(vi) establishing a process to approve the safety and security criteria the state
514	superintendent of public instruction establishes for building inspectors described in Section
515	<u>53E-3-706;</u>
516	(b) oversee the implementation of the school safety personnel requirements described
517	in Section 53G-8-701.5 including:
518	(i) in consultation with a county security chief, overseeing the school guardian program
519	described in Section 53-22-105, including approving and coordinating the relevant training
520	programs;

521	(ii) establishing an application process for approved alternatives to the school safety
522	personnel requirements described in Section 53G-8-701.5;
523	(iii) selecting training requirements for school safety and security specialists in
524	consultation with the state board of education as described in Section 53G-8-701.6;
525	(iv) as required by Section 53G-8-701.8, tracking each school safety and security
526	director for a local education agency and ensure that the contact information for the school
527	safety and security directors is readily available to the local law enforcement of relevant
528	jurisdiction; and
529	(v) reviewing and approving the State Board of Education's school resource officer
530	training program as described in Section 53G-8-702;
531	(c) oversee the creation of school safety trainings, protocols, and incident responses,
532	including:
533	(i) in consultation with the State Board of Education, defining what constitutes an
534	"active threat" and "developmentally appropriate" for purposes of the emergency response
535	training described in Section 53G-8-803;
536	(ii) in consultation with the Office of Substance Abuse and Mental Health, establishing
537	or selecting an adolescent mental health and de-escalation training for school safety personnel;
538	(iii) consulting with the school safety center to develop the model critical incident
539	response that all schools and law enforcement will use during a threat, including:
540	(A) standardized response protocol terminology for use throughout the state, including
541	what constitutes a threat;
542	(B) protocols for planning and safety drills, including drills required in a school before
543	the school year begins;
544	(C) integration and appropriate use of a panic alert device described in Subsection
545	<u>53G-8-805;</u>
546	(D) the establishment of incident command for a threat or safety incident, including
547	which entity and individual runs the incident command;
548	(E) the required components for a communication plan to be followed during an
549	incident or threat;
550	(F) reunification plan protocols, including the appropriate design and use of an incident
551	command by others responding or involved in an incident; and

552	(G) recommendations for safety equipment for schools, including amounts and types of
553	first aid supplies;
554	(iv) reviewing and suggesting any changes to the response plans and training under
555	<u>Section 53G-8-803;</u>
556	(v) creating the official standard response protocol described in Section 53G-8-803 for
557	use by schools and law enforcement for school safety incidents; and
558	(vi) establishing a manner for any security personnel described in Section 53G-8-701.5
559	to be quickly identified by law enforcement during an incident;
560	(d) in consultation with the school safety center established in Section 53G-8-802:
561	(i) create a process to receive and analyze the school safety needs assessments
562	described in Section 53G-8-701.5; and
563	(ii) establish a required data reporting system for public schools to report serious and
564	non-serious threats and other data related to threat assessment that the state security chief
565	determines to be necessary; and
566	(e) fulfill any other duties and responsibilities determined by the commissioner.
567	(4) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
568	department in consultation with the state security chief shall make rules to fulfill the duties
569	described in this section.
570	(5) The state security chief may delegate duties under this section to a sworn
571	department member with the approval of the commissioner.
572	Section 9. Section 53-22-103 is amended to read:
573	53-22-103. County sheriff responsibilities Coordination.
574	(1) Each county sheriff shall identify an individual as a county security chief within the
575	sheriff's office.
576	(a) [to] coordinate security responsibilities, protocols, and required trainings between
577	the state security chief, the county sheriff's office, and the corresponding police chiefs whose
578	jurisdiction includes a public school within the county[-];
579	(2) The county security chief shall:
580	(a) in collaboration with the school safety and security specialist described in Section
581	<u>53G-8-701.6:</u>
582	(i) conduct, or coordinate with a designee from the local law enforcement agency of

000	relevant jurisdiction to conduct the school safety needs assessment described in Section
584	53G-8-701.5; and
585	(ii) conduct a building safety evaluation at least annually using the results of the school
586	safety needs assessment to recommend and implement improvements to school facilities,
587	policies, procedures, protocols, rules, and regulations relating to school safety and security;
588	(b) collaborate and maintain effective communications regarding school safety with
589	each:
590	(i) school safety and security specialist in the county security chief's county, as
591	described in Section 53G-8-701.6;
592	(ii) school safety and security director in the county security chief's county, as
593	described in Section 53G-8-701.8; and
594	(iii) local law enforcement agency within the county;
595	(c) administer with the corresponding police chiefs whose jurisdiction includes a public
596	school the trainings described in Sections 53-22-105 and 53G-8-704, including:
597	(i) assessing if an individual is capable of the duties and responsibilities that the
598	trainings cover; and
599	(ii) denying an individual the ability to be a school safety personnel described in
500	Section 53G-8-701.5 if the county security chief finds the individual is not capable of the
501	duties and responsibilities that the trainings cover; and
502	(d) in conjunction with the state security chief, administer the school guardian program
503	established in Section 53-22-105 at any school participating in the program in the county
504	security chief's county.
505	Section 10. Section 53-22-104.1 is enacted to read:
506	53-22-104.1. School Security Task Force Membership Duties Per diem
507	Report Expiration.
608	(1) There is created a School Security Task Force composed of the following members
509	(a) the House chair and vice chair of the House Law Enforcement and Criminal Justice
510	Standing Committee during the 2024 General Session, with the House chair serving as the
511	co-chair of the task force;
512	(b) two members from the Senate, whom the president of the Senate selects and one of
513	whom the president of the Senate appoints as co-chair of the task force;

614	(c) the state security chief;
615	(d) one member of the State Board of Education, whom the chair of State Board of
616	Education selects;
617	(e) a member of the school safety center, whom the state security chief selects;
618	(f) the director of the Utah Division of Juvenile Justice Youth Services or the director's
619	designee;
620	(g) a member of the Utah School Superintendents Association, whom the chairs select;
621	(h) one member of the Chiefs of Police Association from a county of the first or second
622	class;
623	(i) one member of the Sheriff's Association from a county of the third, fourth, fifth, or
624	sixth class, whom the president of the associations selects;
625	(j) one county security chief, whom the state security chief selects;
626	(k) a school safety and security director, whom the chairs select;
627	(1) a school resource officer, whom the state security chief selects; and
628	(m) a member of the SafeUT and School Safety Commission, whom the chairs select.
629	(2) The task force shall:
630	(a) review school safety updates;
631	(b) consult with the Education Advisory Board created in Section 53-22-104.2; and
632	(c) develop legislation recommendations as necessary.
633	(3) (a) A majority of the members of the task force constitutes a quorum.
634	(b) The action of a majority of a quorum constitutes an action of the task force.
635	(4) The Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel shall provide staff for the
636	task force.
637	(5) (a) Salaries and expenses of the members of the task force who are legislators shall
638	be paid in accordance with:
639	(i) Section 36-2-2;
640	(ii) Legislative Joint Rules, Title 5, Chapter 2, Lodging, Meal, and Transportation
641	Expenses; and
642	(iii) Legislative Joint Rules, Title 5, Chapter 3, Legislator Compensation.
643	(b) A member of the task force who is not a legislator may not receive compensation
644	for the member's work associated with the task force but may receive per diem and

645	reimbursement for travel expenses incurred as a member of the task force at the rates
646	established by the Division of Finance under:
647	(i) Sections 63A-3-106 and 63A-3-107; and
648	(ii) rules made by the Division of Finance in accordance with Sections 63A-3-106 and
649	<u>63A-3-107.</u>
650	Section 11. Section 53-22-104.2 is enacted to read:
651	53-22-104.2. The School Security Task Force Education Advisory Board.
652	(1) There is created an advisory board to the task force called the Education Advisory
653	Board.
654	(2) The advisory board shall consist of the following members:
655	(a) the state security chief, who acts as chair of the advisory board;
656	(b) the construction and facility specialist at the State Board of Education;
657	(c) a superintendent from a county of the fourth, fifth, or sixth class, whom the state
658	security chief selects;
659	(d) a superintendent from a county of the first, second, or third class, whom the state
660	security chief selects;
661	(e) a charter school director from a county of the fourth, fifth, or sixth class, whom the
662	state security chief selects;
663	(f) a charter school director from a county of the first, second, or third class, whom the
664	state security chief selects;
665	(g) the president of the Utah School Boards Association or the president's designee;
666	(h) a parent representative from a school community council or parent teacher
667	organization, whom the state security chief selects;
668	(i) a facilities manager from an LEA in a county of the fourth, fifth, or sixth class,
669	whom the state security chief selects;
670	(j) a facilities manager from an LEA in county of the first, second, or third class, whom
671	the state security chief selects;
672	(k) a representative of private schools, whom the state security chief selects; and
673	(l) a member of the Office of Substance Abuse and Mental Health, whom the state
674	security chief selects.
675	(3) The advisory board's purpose is to:

676	(a) review and provide input on official business of the task force;
677	(b) provide recommendations and suggestions for the task force's consideration; and
678	(c) study and evaluate the policies, procedures, and programs implemented for school
679	safety and provide proactive information regarding the implementation.
680	(4) (a) A majority of the members of the advisory board constitutes a quorum.
681	(b) The action of a majority of a quorum constitutes an action of the advisory board.
682	(5) (a) The advisory board shall select two members to serve as co-chairs.
683	(b) The co-chairs are responsible for the call and conduct of meetings.
684	(6) The staff of the state security chief shall provide staff for the advisory board.
685	(7) A member of the advisory board who is not a legislator may not receive
686	compensation for the member's work associated with the task force but may receive per diem
687	and reimbursement for travel expenses incurred as a member of the task force at the rates
688	established by the Division of Finance under:
689	(a) Sections 63A-3-106 and 63A-3-107; and
690	(b) rules made by the Division of Finance in accordance with Sections 63A-3-106 and
691	<u>63A-3-107.</u>
692	Section 12. Section 53-22-105 is enacted to read:
693	53-22-105. School guardian program.
694	(1) As used in this section:
695	(a) "Annual training" means an annual four-hour training that:
696	(i) a county security chief or a designee administers;
697	(ii) the state security chief approves;
698	(iii) can be tailored to local needs;
699	(iv) allows an individual to practice and demonstrate firearms proficiency at a firearms
700	range using the firearm the individual carries for self defense and defense of others;
701	(v) includes the following components:
702	(A) firearm safety including safe storage of a firearm;
703	(B) de-escalation tactics;
704	(C) the role of mental health in incidents; and
705	(D) disability awareness and interactions; and
706	(vi) contains other training needs as determined by the state security chief.

707	(b) "Biannual training" means a twice-yearly training that:
708	(i) is at least four hours unless otherwise approved by the state security chief;
709	(ii) a county security chief or a designee administers;
710	(iii) the state security chief approves;
711	(iv) can be tailored to local needs; and
712	(v) through which a school guardian at a school or simulated school environment:
713	(A) receives training on the specifics of the building or buildings of the school,
714	including the location of emergency supplies and security infrastructure; and
715	(B) participates in a live-action practice plan with school administrators in responding
716	to active threats at the school; and
717	(vi) shall be taken with at least three months in between the two trainings.
718	(c) "Firearm" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-501.
719	(d) "Initial training" means an in-person training that:
720	(i) a county security chief or a designee administers;
721	(ii) the state security chief approves;
722	(iii) can be tailored to local needs; and
723	(iv) provides:
724	(A) training on general familiarity with the types of firearms that can be concealed for
725	self-defense and defense of others;
726	(B) training on the safe loading, unloading, storage, and carrying of firearms in a
727	school setting;
728	(C) training at a firearms range with instruction regarding firearms fundamentals,
729	marksmanship, the demonstration and explanation of the difference between sight picture, sight
730	alignment, and trigger control, and a recognized pistol course;
731	(D) current laws dealing with the lawful use of a firearm by a private citizen, including
732	laws on self-defense, defense of others, transportation of firearms, and concealment of
733	firearms;
734	(E) coordination with law enforcement officers in the event of an active threat;
735	(F) basic trauma first aid;
736	(G) the appropriate use of force, emphasizing the de-escalation of force and
737	alternatives to using force;

738	(H) situational response evaluations, including:
739	(I) protecting and securing a crime or accident scene;
740	(II) notifying law enforcement;
741	(III) controlling information; and
742	(IV) other training that the county sheriff, designee, or department deems appropriate.
743	(e) "Program" means the school guardian program created in this section.
744	(f) (i) "School employee" means an employee of a school whose duties and
745	responsibilities require the employee to be physically present at a school's campus while school
746	is in session.
747	(ii) "School employee" does not include a principal, teacher, or individual whose
748	primary responsibilities require the employee to be primarily present in a classroom to teach,
749	care for, or interact with students unless $\hat{S} \rightarrow \underline{:}$
749a	(A) $\leftarrow \hat{S}$ the principal, teacher, or individual is employed at a
750	school with 100 or fewer students $\hat{S} \rightarrow [\underline{or}]$;
750a	(B) the principal, teacher, or individual is employed at a school with $\leftarrow \hat{S}$ adjacent campuses as
750b	determined by the state security
751	$\underline{\text{chief}} \hat{S} \rightarrow [\underline{\cdot}] ; \underline{\text{or}}$
751a	(C) as provided in Subsection 53G-8-701.5(3). ←Ŝ
752	(g) "School guardian" means a school employee who meets the requirements of
753	Subsection (3).
754	(2) (a) (i) There is created within the department the school guardian program;
755	(ii) the state security chief shall oversee the school guardian program;
756	(iii) the applicable county security chief shall administer the school guardian program
757	in each county.
758	(b) The state security chief shall ensure that the school guardian program includes:
759	(i) initial training;
760	(ii) biannual training; and
761	(iii) annual training.
762	(c) A county sheriff may partner or contract with:
763	(i) another county sheriff to support the respective county security chiefs in jointly
764	administering the school guardian program in the relevant counties; and
765	(ii) a local law enforcement agency of relevant jurisdiction to provide the:
766	(A) initial training;
767	(B) biannual training; and
768	(C) annual training.

769	(3) (a) A school employee that volunteers to participate is eligible to join the program
770	as a school guardian if:
771	(i) the school administrator approves the volunteer school employee to be designated as
772	a school guardian;
773	(ii) the school employee satisfactorily completes initial training within six months
774	before the day on which the school employee joins the program;
775	(iii) the school employee holds a valid concealed carry permit issued under Title 53,
776	Chapter 5, Part 7, Concealed Firearm Act;
777	(iv) the school employee certifies to the sheriff of the county where school is located
778	that the school employee has undergone the training in accordance with Subsection (3)(a)(ii)
779	and intends to serve as a school guardian; and
780	(v) the school employee successfully completes a mental health screening selected by
781	the state security chief in collaboration with the Office of Substance Abuse and Mental Health
782	established in Section 26B-5-102.
783	(b) After joining the program a school guardian shall complete annual training and
784	biannual training to retain the designation of a school guardian in the program.
785	(4) The state security chief shall:
786	(a) for each school that participates in the program, track each school guardian at the
787	school by collecting the photograph and the name and contact information for each guardian;
788	(b) make the information described in Subsection (4)(a) readily available to each law
789	enforcement agency in the state categorized by school; and
790	(c) provide each school guardian with a one-time stipend of \$500.
791	(5) A school guardian:
792	(a) may store the school guardian's firearm on the grounds of a school only if:
793	(i) the firearm is stored in a biometric gun safe;
794	(ii) the biometric gun safe is located in the school guardian's office; and
795	(iii) the school guardian is physically present on the grounds of the school while the
796	firearm is stored in the safe;
797	(b) shall carry the school guardian's firearm in a concealed manner; and
798	(c) may not, unless during an active threat, display or open carry a firearm while on
799	school grounds.

800	(6) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(c), this section does not prohibit an individual
801	who has a valid concealed carry permit but is not participating in the program from carrying a
802	firearm on the grounds of a public school or charter school under Subsection 76-10-505.5(4).
803	(7) A school guardian:
804	(a) does not have authority to act in a law enforcement capacity; and
805	(b) may, at the school where the school guardian is employed:
806	(i) take actions necessary to prevent or abate an active threat; and
807	(ii) temporarily detain an individual when the school guardian has reasonable cause to
808	believe the individual has committed or is about to commit a forcible felony, as that term is
809	defined in Section 76-2-402.
810	(8) A school may designate a single volunteer or multiple volunteers to participate in
811	the school guardian program to satisfy the school safety personnel requirements of Section
812	<u>53G-8-701.5.</u>
813	(9) The department may adopt, according to Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
814	Rulemaking Act, rules to administer this section.
815	(10) $\hat{S} \rightarrow [A school guardian acting in an official capacity under this section is immune from$
816	any liability, civil or criminal, that otherwise might result by reason of action taken in
816 817	
	any liability, civil or criminal, that otherwise might result by reason of action taken in
817	any liability, civil or criminal, that otherwise might result by reason of action taken in fulfillment of this section if the action was reasonably taken in good faith. A school guardian who
817 817a	any liability, civil or criminal, that otherwise might result by reason of action taken in fulfillment of this section if the action was reasonably taken in good faith.] A school guardian who has active status in the gurdian program is not liable for any civil damages or penalties if the
817 817a 817b	any liability, civil or criminal, that otherwise might result by reason of action taken in fulfillment of this section if the action was reasonably taken in good faith. A school guardian who has active status in the gurdian program is not liable for any civil damages or penalties if the school guradian:
817 817a 817b 817c	any liability, civil or criminal, that otherwise might result by reason of action taken in fulfillment of this section if the action was reasonably taken in good faith.] A school guardian who has active status in the gurdian program is not liable for any civil damages or penalties if the school guradian: (i) when carrying or storing a firearm:
817 817a 817b 817c 817d	any liability, civil or criminal, that otherwise might result by reason of action taken in fulfillment of this section if the action was reasonably taken in good faith.] A school guardian who has active status in the gurdian program is not liable for any civil damages or penalties if the school guradian: (i) when carrying or storing a firearm: (A) is acting in good faith; and
817 817a 817b 817c 817d 817e	any liability, civil or criminal, that otherwise might result by reason of action taken in fulfillment of this section if the action was reasonably taken in good faith.] A school guardian who has active status in the gurdian program is not liable for any civil damages or penalties if the school guradian: (i) when carrying or storing a firearm: (A) is acting in good faith; and (B) is not grossly negligent; or
817 817a 817b 817c 817d 817e 817f	any liability, civil or criminal, that otherwise might result by reason of action taken in fulfillment of this section if the action was reasonably taken in good faith.] A school guardian who has active status in the gurdian program is not liable for any civil damages or penalties if the school guradian: (i) when carrying or storing a firearm: (A) is acting in good faith; and (B) is not grossly negligent; or (ii) threatens, draws, or otherwise uses a firearm reasonably believing the action to be
817 817a 817b 817c 817d 817e 817f 817g	any liability, civil or criminal, that otherwise might result by reason of action taken in fulfillment of this section if the action was reasonably taken in good faith.] A school guardian who has active status in the gurdian program is not liable for any civil damages or penalties if the school guradian: (i) when carrying or storing a firearm: (A) is acting in good faith; and (B) is not grossly negligent; or (ii) threatens, draws, or otherwise uses a firearm reasonably believing the action to be necessary in compliance with Section 76-2-402. ←Ŝ
817 817a 817b 817c 817d 817e 817f 817g 818	any liability, civil or criminal, that otherwise might result by reason of action taken in fulfillment of this section if the action was reasonably taken in good faith.] A school guardian who has active status in the gurdian program is not liable for any civil damages or penalties if the school guradian: (i) when carrying or storing a firearm: (A) is acting in good faith; and (B) is not grossly negligent; or (ii) threatens, draws, or otherwise uses a firearm reasonably believing the action to be necessary in compliance with Section 76-2-402. ←Ŝ (11) A school guardian shall file a report described in Subsection (12) if, during the
817 817a 817b 817c 817d 817e 817f 817g 818 819	any liability, civil or criminal, that otherwise might result by reason of action taken in fulfillment of this section if the action was reasonably taken in good faith.] A school guardian who has active status in the gurdian program is not liable for any civil damages or penalties if the school guradian: (i) when carrying or storing a firearm: (A) is acting in good faith; and (B) is not grossly negligent; or (ii) threatens, draws, or otherwise uses a firearm reasonably believing the action to be necessary in compliance with Section 76-2-402. ←Ŝ (11) A school guardian shall file a report described in Subsection (12) if, during the performance of the school guardian's duties, the school guardian points a firearm at an
817 817a 817b 817c 817d 817e 817f 817g 818 819 820	any liability, civil or criminal, that otherwise might result by reason of action taken in fulfillment of this section if the action was reasonably taken in good faith. A school guardian who has active status in the gurdian program is not liable for any civil damages or penalties if the school guradian: (i) when carrying or storing a firearm: (A) is acting in good faith; and (B) is not grossly negligent; or (ii) threatens, draws, or otherwise uses a firearm reasonably believing the action to be necessary in compliance with Section 76-2-402. ←Ŝ (11) A school guardian shall file a report described in Subsection (12) if, during the performance of the school guardian's duties, the school guardian points a firearm at an individual.
817 817a 817b 817c 817d 817e 817f 817g 818 819 820 821	any liability, civil or criminal, that otherwise might result by reason of action taken in fulfillment of this section if the action was reasonably taken in good faith. A school guardian who has active status in the gurdian program is not liable for any civil damages or penalties if the school guardian: (i) when carrying or storing a firearm: (A) is acting in good faith; and (B) is not grossly negligent; or (ii) threatens, draws, or otherwise uses a firearm reasonably believing the action to be necessary in compliance with Section 76-2-402. ←Ŝ (11) A school guardian shall file a report described in Subsection (12) if, during the performance of the school guardian's duties, the school guardian points a firearm at an individual. (12) (a) A report described in Subsection (11) shall include:

5 Sub. (Saimon, 11.b. 0	5 th \$	Sub. ((Salmon)) H.	B. 84
-------------------------	--------------------	--------	----------	------	-------

825	(b) A school guardian shall submit a report required under Subsection (11) to the
826	school administrator, school safety and security director, and the state security chief within 48
827	hours after the incident.
828	(c) The school administrator, school safety and security director, and the state security
829	chief shall consult and review the report submitted under Subsection (12)(b).
830	(13) The requirements of Subsections (11) and (12) do not apply to a training exercise.

831	(14) A school guardian may have the designation of school guardian revoked at any
832	time by the school principal, county sheriff, or state security chief.
833	(15) (a) Any information or record created detailing a school guardian's participation in
834	the program is:
835	(i) a private, controlled, or protected record under Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government
836	Records Access and Management Act; and
837	(ii) available only to:
838	(A) the state security chief;
839	(B) administrators at the school guardian's school;
840	(C) if applicable, other school safety personnel described in Section 53G-8-701.5;
841	(D) a local law enforcement agency that would respond to the school in case of an
842	emergency; and
843	(E) the individual designated by the county sheriff in accordance with Section
844	53-22-103 of the county of the school where the school guardian in the program is located.
845	(b) The information or record described in Subsection (15)(a) includes information
846	related to the school guardian's identity and activity within the program as described in under
847	this section and any personal identifying information of a school guardian participating in the
848	program collected or obtained during initial training, annual training, and biannual training.
849	(c) An individual who intentionally or knowingly provides the information described in
850	Subsection (15)(a) to an individual or entity not listed in Subsection (15)(a)(ii) is guilty of a
851	class B misdemeanor.
852	Section 13. Section 53-22-106 is enacted to read:
853	53-22-106. Substantial threats against a school reporting requirements
854	Exceptions.
855	(1) As used in this section, "substantial threat" means a threat made with serious intent
856	to cause harm.
857	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (3), if a state employee or person in a position of
858	special trust as defined in Section 76-5-404.1, including an individual licensed under Title 58,
859	Chapter 31b, Nurse Practice Act, or Title 58, Chapter 67, Utah Medical Practice Act, has
860	reason to believe a substantial threat against a school, school employee, or student attending a
861	school or is aware of circumstances that would reasonably result in a substantial threat against

862	a school, school employee, or student attending a school, the state employee or person in a
863	position of special trust shall immediately report the suspected substantial threat to:
864	(a) the state security chief;
865	(b) the local education agency that the substantial threat would impact; or
866	(c) to the nearest peace officer or law enforcement agency.
867	(3) (a) (i) If the state security chief, a peace officer, or law enforcement agency receives
868	a report under Subsection (2), the state security chief, peace officer, or law enforcement agency
869	shall immediately notify the local education agency that the substantial threat would impact.
870	(ii) If the local education agency that the substantial threat would impact receives a
871	report under Subsection (2), the local education agency that the substantial threat would impact
872	shall immediately notify the appropriate local law enforcement agency and the state security
873	chief.
874	(b) (i) A local education agency that the substantial threat would impact shall
875	coordinate with the law enforcement agency on the law enforcement agency's investigation of
876	the report described in Subsection (1).
877	(ii) If a law enforcement agency undertakes an investigation of a report under
878	Subsection (2), the law enforcement agency shall provide a final investigatory report to the
879	local education agency that the substantial threat would impact upon request.
880	(4) Subject to Subsection (5), the reporting requirement described in Subsection (2)
881	does not apply to:
882	(a) a member of the clergy with regard to any confession an individual makes to the
883	member of the clergy while functioning in the ministerial capacity of the member of the clergy
884	<u>if:</u>
885	(i) the individual made the confession directly to the member of the clergy;
886	(ii) the member of the clergy is, under canon law or church doctrine or practice, bound
887	to maintain the confidentiality of the confession; and
888	(iii) the member of the clergy does not have the consent of the individual making the
889	confession to disclose the content of the confession; or
890	(b) an attorney, or an individual whom the attorney employs, if:
891	(i) the knowledge or belief of the substantial threat arises from the representation of a
892	client; and

893	(ii) if disclosure of the substantial threat would not reveal the substantial threat to
894	prevent reasonably certain death or substantial bodily harm in accordance with Utah Rules of
895	Professional Conduct, Rule 1.6.
896	(5) (a) When a member of the clergy receives information about the substantial threat
897	from any source other than a confession, the member of the clergy shall report the information
898	even if the member of the clergy also received information about the substantial threat from the
899	confession of the perpetrator.
900	(b) Exemption of the reporting requirement for an individual described in Subsection
901	(4) does not exempt the individual from any other actions required by law to prevent further
902	substantial threats or actual harm related to the substantial threat.
903	(6) The physician-patient privilege does not:
904	(a) excuse an individual who is licensed under Title 58, Chapter 67, Utah Medical
905	Practice Act, or Title 58, Chapter 68, Utah Osteopathic Medical Practice Act, from reporting
906	under this section; or
907	(b) constitute grounds for excluding evidence in a judicial or administrative proceeding
908	resulting from a report under this section.
909	Section 14. Section 53B-17-1201 is amended to read:
910	53B-17-1201. Definitions.
911	As used in this part:
912	(1) "Commission" means the SafeUT and School Safety Commission established in
913	Section 53B-17-1203.
914	(2) ["University Neuropsychiatric] "Huntsman Mental Health Institute" means the
915	mental health and substance abuse treatment institute within the University of Utah Hospitals
916	and Clinics.
917	Section 15. Section 53B-17-1202 is amended to read:
918	53B-17-1202. SafeUT Crisis Line established.
919	The [University Neuropsychiatric] Huntsman Mental Health Institute shall:
920	(1) establish a SafeUT Crisis Line to provide:
921	(a) a means for an individual to anonymously report:
922	(i) unsafe, violent, or criminal activities, or the threat of such activities at or near a
923	public school;

924	(ii) incidents of bullying, cyber-bullying, harassment, or hazing; and
925	(iii) incidents of physical or sexual abuse committed by a school employee or school
926	volunteer; and
927	(b) crisis intervention, including suicide prevention, to individuals experiencing
928	emotional distress or psychiatric crisis;
929	(2) provide the services described in Subsection (1) 24 hours a day, seven days a week;
930	[and]
931	(3) when necessary, or as required by law, promptly forward a report received under
932	Subsection (1)(a) to appropriate:
933	(a) school officials; and
934	(b) law enforcement officials[-];
935	(4) in accordance with Subsection (5), report the uses of the SafeUT Crisis Line
936	described in Subsection (1) to the State Bureau of Investigation's systems described in
937	<u>Subsections 53-10-302(7) and (8);</u>
938	(5) coordinate with the state security chief to determine the appropriate circumstances
939	necessitating a report described in Subsection (4); and
940	(6) subject to legislative appropriations and in consultation with the school safety task
941	force described in Section 53-22-104.1, state security chief described in Section 53-22-102, and
942	school safety center described in Section 53G-8-802, develop and deploy additional supports
943	and enhancements for school safety efforts.
944	Section 16. Section 53B-17-1203 is amended to read:
945	53B-17-1203. SafeUT and School Safety Commission established Members.
946	(1) There is created the SafeUT and School Safety Commission composed of the
947	following members:
948	(a) one member who represents the Office of the Attorney General, appointed by the
949	attorney general;
950	(b) one member who represents the Utah public education system, appointed by the
951	State Board of Education;
952	(c) one member who represents the Utah system of higher education, appointed by the
953	board;
954	(d) one member who represents the Department of Health and Human Services,

955	appointed by the executive director of the Department of Health and Human Services;
956	(e) one member of the House of Representatives, appointed by the speaker of the
957	House of Representatives;
958	(f) one member of the Senate, appointed by the president of the Senate;
959	(g) one member who represents the [University Neuropsychiatric] Huntsman Mental
960	Health Institute, appointed by the chair of the commission;
961	(h) one member who represents law enforcement who has extensive experience in
962	emergency response, appointed by the chair of the commission;
963	(i) one member who represents the Department of Health and Human Services who has
964	experience in youth services or treatment services, appointed by the executive director of the
965	Department of Health and Human Services; and
966	(j) two members of the public, appointed by the chair of the commission.
967	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), members of the commission shall be
968	appointed to four-year terms.
969	(b) The length of the terms of the members shall be staggered so that approximately
970	half of the committee is appointed every two years.
971	(c) When a vacancy occurs in the membership of the commission, the replacement
972	shall be appointed for the unexpired term.
973	(3) (a) The attorney general's designee shall serve as chair of the commission.
974	(b) The chair shall set the agenda for commission meetings.
975	(4) Attendance of a simple majority of the members constitutes a quorum for the
976	transaction of official commission business.
977	(5) Formal action by the commission requires a majority vote of a quorum.
978	(6) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(b), a member may not receive
979	compensation, benefits, per diem, or travel expenses for the member's service.
980	(b) Compensation and expenses of a member who is a legislator are governed by
981	Section 36-2-2 and Legislative Joint Rules, Title 5, Legislative Compensation and Expenses.
982	(7) The Office of the Attorney General shall provide staff support to the commission.
983	Section 17. Section 53B-17-1204 is amended to read:
984	53B-17-1204. SafeUT and School Safety Commission duties LEA governing
985	board duties Fees.

(1) As used in this section:
(a) "LEA governing board" means:
(i) for a school district, the local school board;
(ii) for a charter school, the charter school governing board; or
(iii) for the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind, the State Board of Education.
(b) "Local education agency" or "LEA" means:
(i) a school district;
(ii) a charter school; or
(iii) the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind.
(2) The commission shall coordinate:
(a) statewide efforts related to the SafeUT Crisis Line; [and]
(b) with the State Board of Education and the board to promote awareness of the
services available through the SafeUT Crisis Line[-]; and
(c) with the state security chief appointed under Section 53-22-102 to ensure
appropriate reporting described in Subsections 53B-17-1202(4) and (5).
(3) An LEA governing board shall inform students, parents, and school personnel
about the SafeUT Crisis Line.
(4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), the [University Neuropsychiatric]
Huntsman Mental Health Institute may charge a fee to an institution of higher education or
other entity for the use of the SafeUT Crisis Line in accordance with the method described in
Subsection (4)(c).
(b) The [University Neuropsychiatric] Huntsman Mental Health Institute may not
charge a fee to the State Board of Education or a local education agency for the use of the
SafeUT Crisis Line.
(c) The commission shall establish a standard method for charging a fee described in
Subsection (4)(a).
Section 18. Section 53E-3-516 is amended to read:
53E-3-516. School disciplinary and law enforcement action report Rulemaking
authority.
(1) As used in this section:
(a) "Dangerous weapon" means the same as that term is defined in Section 53G-8-510.

1047

school-sponsored activity:

1017	(b) "Disciplinary action" means an action by a public school meant to formally
1018	discipline a student of that public school that includes a suspension or expulsion.
1019	(c) "Law enforcement agency" means the same as that term is defined in Section
1020	77-7a-103.
1021	(d) "Minor" means the same as that term is defined in Section 80-1-102.
1022	(e) "Other law enforcement activity" means a significant law enforcement interaction
1023	with a minor that does not result in an arrest, including:
1024	(i) a search and seizure by [an SRO] a school resource officer;
1025	(ii) issuance of a criminal citation;
1026	(iii) issuance of a ticket or summons;
1027	(iv) filing a delinquency petition; or
1028	(v) referral to a probation officer.
1029	(f) "School is in session" means the hours of a day during which a public school
1030	conducts instruction for which student attendance is counted toward calculating average daily
1031	membership.
1032	(g) (i) "School-sponsored activity" means an activity, fundraising event, club, camp,
1033	clinic, or other event or activity that is authorized by a specific public school, according to LEA
1034	governing board policy, and satisfies at least one of the following conditions:
1035	(A) the activity is managed or supervised by a school district, public school, or public
1036	school employee;
1037	(B) the activity uses the school district or public school facilities, equipment, or other
1038	school resources; or
1039	(C) the activity is supported or subsidized, more than inconsequentially, by public
1040	funds, including the public school's activity funds or Minimum School Program dollars.
1041	(ii) "School-sponsored activity" includes preparation for and involvement in a public
1042	performance, contest, athletic competition, demonstration, display, or club activity.
1043	(h) "School resource officer" [or "SRO"] means the same as that term is defined in
1044	Section 53G-8-701.
1045	(2) Beginning on July 1, 2023, the state board shall develop an annual report regarding
1046	the following incidents that occur on school grounds while school is in session or during a

1048	(a) arrests of a minor;
1049	(b) other law enforcement activities;
1050	(c) disciplinary actions; and
1051	(d) minors found in possession of a dangerous weapon.
1052	(3) Pursuant to state and federal law, law enforcement agencies shall collaborate with
1053	the state board and LEAs to provide and validate data and information necessary to complete
1054	the report described in Subsection (2), as requested by an LEA or the state board.
1055	(4) The report described in Subsection (2) shall include the following information
1056	listed separately for each LEA:
1057	(a) the number of arrests of a minor, including the reason why the minor was arrested;
1058	(b) the number of other law enforcement activities, including the following information
1059	for each incident:
1060	(i) the reason for the other law enforcement activity; and
1061	(ii) the type of other law enforcement activity used;
1062	(c) the number of disciplinary actions imposed, including:
1063	(i) the reason for the disciplinary action; and
1064	(ii) the type of disciplinary action;
1065	(d) the number of [SROs] school resource officers employed;
1066	(e) if applicable, the demographics of an individual who is subject to, as the following
1067	are defined in Section 53G-9-601, bullying, hazing, cyber-bullying, or retaliation; and
1068	(f) the number of minors found in possession of a dangerous weapon on school
1069	grounds while school is in session or during a school-sponsored activity.
1070	(5) The report described in Subsection (2) shall include the following information, in
1071	aggregate, for each element described in Subsections (4)(a) through (c):
1072	(a) age;
1073	(b) grade level;
1074	(c) race;
1075	(d) sex; and
1076	(e) disability status.
1077	(6) Information included in the annual report described in Subsection (2) shall comply
1078	with:

1079	(a) Chapter 9, Part 3, Student Data Protection;
1080	(b) Chapter 9, Part 2, Student Privacy; and
1081	(c) the Family Education Rights and Privacy Act, 20 U.S.C. Secs. 1232g and 1232h.
1082	(7) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
1083	state board shall make rules to compile the report described in Subsection (2).
1084	(8) The state board shall provide the report described in Subsection (2):
1085	(a) in accordance with Section 53E-1-203 for incidents that occurred during the
1086	previous school year; and
1087	(b) to the State Commission on Criminal and Juvenile Justice before July 1 of each
1088	year for incidents that occurred during the previous school year.
1089	Section 19. Section 53E-3-518 is amended to read:
1090	53E-3-518. Utah school information management system Local education
1091	agency requirements.
1092	(1) As used in this section:
1093	(a) "LEA data system" or "LEA's data system" means a data system that:
1094	(i) is developed, selected, or relied upon by an LEA; and
1095	(ii) the LEA uses to collect data or submit data to the state board related to:
1096	(A) student information;
1097	(B) educator information;
1098	(C) financial information; or
1099	(D) other information requested by the state board.
1100	(b) "LEA financial information system" or "LEA's financial information system" means
1101	an LEA data system used for financial information.
1102	(c) "Parent" means the same as that term is defined in Section 53G-6-201.
1103	(d) "Utah school information management system" or "information management
1104	system" means the state board's data collection and reporting system described in this section.
1105	(e) "User" means an individual who has authorized access to the information
1106	management system.
1107	(2) On or before July 1, 2024, the state board shall have in place an information
1108	management system that meets the requirements described in this section.
1109	(3) The state board shall ensure that the information management system:

1110	(a) interfaces with:
1111	(i) an LEA's data systems that meet the requirements described in Subsection (6);
1112	(ii) where appropriate, the systems described in Subsections 53-10-302(7) and (8);
1113	(iii) the public safety portal described in Section 63A-16-2002; and
1114	(b) serves as the mechanism for the state board to collect and report on all data that
1115	LEAs submit to the state board related to:
1116	(i) student information;
1117	(ii) educator information;
1118	(iii) financial information; and
1119	(iv) other information requested by the state board;
1120	(c) includes a web-based user interface through which a user may:
1121	(i) enter data;
1122	(ii) view data; and
1123	(iii) generate customizable reports;
1124	(d) includes a data warehouse and other hardware or software necessary to store or
1125	process data submitted by an LEA;
1126	(e) provides for data privacy, including by complying with Title 53E, Chapter 9,
1127	Student Privacy and Data Protection;
1128	(f) restricts user access based on each user's role; and
1129	(g) meets requirements related to a student achievement backpack described in Section
1130	53E-3-511.
1131	(4) The state board shall establish the restrictions on user access described in
1132	Subsection (3)(f).
1133	(5) (a) The state board shall make rules that establish the required capabilities for an
1134	LEA financial information system.
1135	(b) In establishing the required capabilities for an LEA financial information system,
1136	the state board shall consider metrics and capabilities requested by the state treasurer or state
1137	auditor.
1138	(6) (a) On or before July 1, 2024, an LEA shall ensure that:
1139	(i) all of the LEA's data systems:
1140	(A) meet the data standards established by the state board in accordance with Section

1141	53E-3-501;
1142	(B) are fully compatible with the state board's information management system; and
1143	(C) meet specification standards determined by the state board; and
1144	(ii) the LEA's financial information system meets the requirements described in
1145	Subsection (5).
1146	(b) An LEA shall ensure that an LEA data system purchased or developed on or after
1147	May 14, 2019, will be compatible with the information management system when the
1148	information management system is fully operational.
1149	(7) (a) Subject to appropriations and Subsection (7)(b), the state board may use an
1150	appropriation under this section to help an LEA meet the requirements in the rules described in
1151	Subsection (5) by:
1152	(i) providing to the LEA funding for implementation and sustainment of the LEA
1153	financial information system, either through:
1154	(A) awarding a grant to the LEA; or
1155	(B) providing a reimbursement to the LEA; or
1156	(ii) in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement Code, procuring a
1157	financial information system on behalf of an LEA for the LEA to use as the LEA's financial
1158	information system.
1159	(b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
1160	state board shall make rules describing:
1161	(i) how an LEA may apply to the state board for the assistance described in Subsection
1162	(7)(a); and
1163	(ii) criteria for the state board to provide the assistance to an LEA.
1164	(8) (a) Beginning July 1, 2024, the state board may take action against an LEA that is
1165	out of compliance with a requirement described in Subsection (6) until the LEA complies with
1166	the requirement.
1167	(b) An action described in Subsection (8)(a) may include the state board withholding
1168	funds from the LEA.
1169	(9) (a) For purposes of this Subsection (9), "education record" means the same as that
1170	term is defined in 20 U.S.C. Sec. 1232g.
1171	(b) The state board shall, by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah

1172	Administrative Rulemaking Act, establish a procedure under which:
1173	(i) a parent may submit information as part of the education records for the parent's
1174	student;
1175	(ii) the information submitted by the parent is maintained as part of the education
1176	records for the parent's student;
1177	(iii) information submitted by the parent and maintained as part of the education
1178	records for the parent's student may be removed at the request of the parent; and
1179	(iv) a parent has access only to the education records of the parent's student in
1180	accordance with Subsection (9)(d).
1181	(c) The rules made under this Subsection (9) shall allow a parent to submit or remove
1182	information submitted by the parent under this Subsection (9) at least annually, including at the
1183	time of:
1184	(i) registering a student in a school; or
1185	(ii) changing the school in which a student attends.
1186	(d) Subject to the federal Family Education Rights and Privacy Act, 20 U.S.C. Sec.
1187	1232g, and related regulations, the state board shall provide a parent access to an education
1188	record concerning the parent's student.
1189	(e) The state board shall create in the information management system a record
1190	tracking interoperability of education records described in this Subsection (9) when a student is
1191	transitioning between schools or between LEAs.
1192	Section 20. Section 53E-3-702 is amended to read:
1193	53E-3-702. State board to adopt public school construction guidelines.
1194	(1) As used in this section, "public school construction" means construction work on a
1195	new public school.
1196	(2) (a) The state board shall:
1197	(i) adopt guidelines for public school construction; and
1198	(ii) consult with the Division of Facilities Construction and Management
1199	Administration and the state security chief appointed under Section 53-22-102 on proposed
1200	guidelines before adoption.
1201	(b) The state board shall ensure that guidelines adopted under Subsection (2)(a)(i)
1202	maximize funds used for public school construction and reflect efficient and economic use of

1233

 $[\frac{(i)}{(k)}]$ (k) safety.

1203	those funds, including adopting guidelines that address a school's safety and a school's essential
1204	needs rather than encouraging or endorsing excessive costs per square foot of construction or
1205	nonessential facilities, design, or furnishings.
1206	(3) Before a school district or charter school may begin public school construction, the
1207	school district or charter school shall:
1208	(a) review the guidelines adopted by the state board under this section; and
1209	(b) take into consideration the guidelines when planning the public school
1210	construction.
1211	(4) In adopting the guidelines for public school construction, the state board shall
1212	consider the following and adopt alternative guidelines as needed:
1213	(a) location factors, including whether the school is in a rural or urban setting, and
1214	climate factors;
1215	(b) variations in guidelines for significant or minimal projected student population
1216	growth;
1217	(c) guidelines specific to schools that serve various populations and grades, including
1218	high schools, junior high schools, middle schools, elementary schools, alternative schools, and
1219	schools for people with disabilities; and
1220	(d) year-round use.
1221	(5) The guidelines shall address the following:
1222	(a) square footage per student;
1223	(b) minimum and maximum required real property for a public school;
1224	(c) athletic facilities and fields, playgrounds, and hard surface play areas;
1225	(d) necessary specifications to meet the safety standards created by the state security
1226	chief in Section 53E-3-706;
1227	[(d)] <u>(e)</u> cost per square foot;
1228	[(e)] (f) minimum and maximum qualities and costs for building materials;
1229	[(f)] (g) design efficiency;
1230	[(g)] (h) parking;
1231	[(h)] <u>(i)</u> furnishing;
1232	[(i)] (j) proof of compliance with applicable building codes; and

1264

1234 Section 21. Section **53E-3-706** is amended to read: 1235 53E-3-706. Enforcement of part by state superintendent -- Employment of 1236 personnel -- School districts and charter schools -- Certificate of inspection verification. (1) [The] Notwithstanding Subsections (4), (5), and (6), the state superintendent shall 1237 1238 enforce this part. 1239 (2) The state superintendent may employ architects or other qualified personnel, or contract with the Division of Facilities Construction and Management, the state fire marshal, 1240 the state security chief appointed under Section 53-22-102, or a local governmental entity to: 1241 (a) examine the plans and specifications of any school building or alteration submitted 1242 under this part; 1243 (b) verify the inspection of any school building during or following construction; and 1244 1245 (c) perform other functions necessary to ensure compliance with this part. 1246 (3) (a) [(i)] If a local school board uses the school district's building inspector under 1247 Subsection 10-9a-305(6)(a)(ii) or 17-27a-305(6)(a)(ii) and issues its own certificate authorizing permanent occupancy of the school building, the local school board shall file a certificate of 1248 inspection verification with the local governmental entity's building official and the state board, 1249 advising those entities that the school district has complied with the inspection provisions of 1250 1251 this part. 1252 [(ii)] (b) If a charter school uses a school district building inspector under Subsection 1253 10-9a-305(6)(a)(ii) or 17-27a-305(6)(a)(ii) and the school district issues to the charter school a 1254 certificate authorizing permanent occupancy of the school building, the charter school shall file 1255 with the state board a certificate of inspection verification. 1256 [(iii)] (c) If a local school board or charter school uses a local governmental entity's building inspector under Subsection 10-9a-305(6)(a)(i) or 17-27a-305(6)(a)(i) and the local 1257 1258 governmental entity issues the local school board or charter school a certificate authorizing permanent occupancy of the school building, the local school board or charter school shall file 1259 1260 with the state board a certificate of inspection verification. 1261 [(iv)] (d) [(A)] (i) If a local school board or charter school uses an independent, certified building inspector under Subsection 10-9a-305(6)(a)(iii) or 17-27a-305(6)(a)(iii), the 1262 1263 local school board or charter school shall, upon completion of all required inspections of the

school building, file with the state board a certificate of inspection verification and a request

for the issuance of a certificate authorizing permanent occupancy of the school building.

- [(B)] (ii) Upon the local school board's or charter school's filing of the certificate and request as provided in Subsection [(3)(a)(iv)(A),] (3)(d)(i), the school district or charter school shall be entitled to temporary occupancy of the school building that is the subject of the request for a period of 90 days, beginning the date the request is filed, if the school district or charter school has complied with all applicable fire and life safety code requirements.
- [(C)] (iii) Within 30 days after the local school board or charter school files a request under Subsection [(3)(a)(iv)(A)] ((3)(d)(i)) for a certificate authorizing permanent occupancy of the school building, the state superintendent shall:
- [(1)] (A) [(Aa)] issue to the local school board or charter school a certificate authorizing permanent occupancy of the school building; or

1276 [(Bb)]

- (B) deliver to the local school board or charter school a written notice indicating deficiencies in the school district's or charter school's compliance with the inspection provisions of this part; and
- [(H)] (C) mail a copy of the certificate authorizing permanent occupancy or the notice of deficiency to the building official of the local governmental entity in which the school building is located.
- [(D)] (iv) Upon the local school board or charter school remedying the deficiencies indicated in the notice under Subsection [(3)(a)(iv)(C)(I)(Bb)] (3)(d)(iii)(B) and notifying the state superintendent that the deficiencies have been remedied, the state superintendent shall issue a certificate authorizing permanent occupancy of the school building and mail a copy of the certificate to the building official of the local governmental entity in which the school building is located.
- [(E)] (v) [(f)] (A) The state superintendent may charge the school district or charter school a fee for an inspection that the state superintendent considers necessary to enable the state superintendent to issue a certificate authorizing permanent occupancy of the school building.
- [(H)] (B) A fee under Subsection [(3)(a)(iv)(E)(1)] (3)(d)(v)(A) may not exceed the actual cost of performing the inspection.
- 1295 [(b)] (e) For purposes of this Subsection (3):

1296	(i) "local governmental entity" means either a municipality, for a school building
1297	located within a municipality, or a county, for a school building located within an
1298	unincorporated area in the county; and
1299	(ii) "certificate of inspection verification" means a standard inspection form developed
1300	by the state superintendent in consultation with local school boards and charter schools to
1301	verify that inspections by qualified inspectors have occurred.
1302	(4) The state security chief appointed under Section 53-22-102 shall establish:
1303	(a) minimum safety and security standards for school construction and design projects,
1304	including buildings for private schools;
1305	(b) a timeline for an LEA or private school to comply with the safety and security
1306	standards for school construction and design project requirements of this Subsection (4); and
1307	(c) a process for an LEA or private school to seek alternative safety and security
1308	standards established under this Subsection (4).
1309	(5) The county security chief appointed under Section 53-22-103 shall ensure a private
1310	school, local school district, or charter school shall adhere to all safety and security standards
1311	for a school construction or design project the state security chief creates.
1312	(6) A building inspector described in this part shall coordinate with the relevant county
1313	security chief to ensure compliance described in Subsection (5) before issuing a certificate
1314	authorizing permanent occupancy for a school.
1315	Section 22. Section 53F-4-207 is amended to read:
1316	53F-4-207. Student intervention early warning program.
1317	(1) As used in this section:
1318	(a) "Digital program" means a program that provides information for student early
1319	intervention as described in this section.
1320	(b) "Online data reporting tool" means a system described in Section 53E-4-311.
1321	[(c) "Participating LEA" means an LEA that receives access to a digital program under
1322	Subsection (5).]
1323	(2) (a) The state board shall, subject to legislative appropriations:
1324	(i) subject to Subsection (2)(c), enhance the online data reporting tool and provide
1325	additional formative actionable data on student outcomes; and
1326	(ii) select through a competitive contract process a provider to provide to an LEA a

1327	digital program as described in this section.
1328	(b) Information collected or used by the state board for purposes of enhancing the
1329	online data reporting tool in accordance with this section may not identify a student
1330	individually.
1331	(c) The state board shall make rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
1332	Administrative Rulemaking Act, to define the primary exceptionalities described in Subsection
1333	(3)(e)(ii).
1334	(3) The enhancement to the online data reporting tool and the digital program shall:
1335	(a) be designed with a user-appropriate interface for use by teachers, school
1336	administrators, and parents;
1337	(b) provide reports on a student's results at the student level on:
1338	(i) a national assessment;
1339	(ii) a local assessment; and
1340	(iii) a standards assessment described in Section 53E-4-303;
1341	(c) have the ability to provide data from aggregate student reports based on a student's:
1342	(i) teacher;
1343	(ii) school;
1344	(iii) school district, if applicable; or
1345	(iv) ethnicity;
1346	(d) provide a viewer with the ability to view the data described in Subsection (2)(c) on
1347	a single computer screen;
1348	(e) have the ability to compare the performance of students, for each teacher, based on
1349	a student's:
1350	(i) gender;
1351	(ii) special needs, including primary exceptionality as defined by state board rule;
1352	(iii) English proficiency;
1353	(iv) economic status;
1354	(v) migrant status;
1355	(vi) ethnicity;
1356	(vii) response to tiered intervention;
1357	(viii) response to tiered intervention enrollment date;

1358	(ix) absence rate;
1359	(x) feeder school;
1360	(xi) type of school, including primary or secondary, public or private, Title I, or other
1361	general school-type category;
1362	(xii) course failures; and
1363	(xiii) other criteria, as determined by the state board; and
1364	(f) have the ability to load data from a local, national, or other assessment in the data's
1365	original format within a reasonable time.
1366	(4) Subject to legislative appropriations, the online data reporting tool and digital
1367	program shall:
1368	(a) integrate criteria for early warning indicators, including the following criteria:
1369	(i) discipline, including school safety violations;
1370	(ii) attendance;
1371	(iii) behavior;
1372	(iv) course failures; and
1373	(v) other criteria as determined by a local school board or charter school governing
1374	board;
1375	(b) provide a teacher or administrator the ability to view the early warning indicators
1376	described in Subsection (4)(a) with a student's assessment results described in Subsection
1377	(3)(b);
1378	(c) provide data on response to intervention using existing assessments or measures
1379	that are manually added, including assessment and nonacademic measures;
1380	(d) provide a user the ability to share interventions within a reporting environment and
1381	add comments to inform other teachers, administrators, and parents;
1382	(e) save and share reports among different teachers and school administrators, subject
1383	to the student population information a teacher or administrator has the rights to access;
1384	(f) automatically flag a student profile when early warning thresholds, that the state
1385	board defines, are met so that a teacher can easily identify a student who may be in need of
1386	intervention;
1387	(g) incorporate a variety of algorithms to support student learning outcomes and
1388	provide student growth reporting by teacher;

1389	(h) integrate response to intervention tiers and activities as filters for the reporting of
1390	individual student data and aggregated data, including by ethnicity, school, or teacher;
1391	(i) have the ability to generate parent communication to alert the parent of [academic]
1392	plans or interventions; and
1393	(j) configure alerts based upon student academic results, including a student's
1394	performance on the previous year's standards assessment described in Section 53E-4-303 or
1395	results to appropriate behavior interventions.
1396	(5) (a) [The state board shall, subject to legislative appropriations, select an LEA to
1397	receive] The state board shall ensure that each LEA receives access to a digital program
1398	through a provider described in Subsection (2)(a)(ii).
1399	(b) An LEA [that receives access to a digital program] shall:
1400	(i) pay for 50% of the cost of providing access to the digital program to the LEA; and
1401	(ii) no later than one school year after accessing a digital program, report to the state
1402	board in a format required by the state board on:
1403	(A) the effectiveness of the digital program;
1404	(B) positive and negative attributes of the digital program;
1405	(C) recommendations for improving the online data reporting tool; and
1406	(D) any other information regarding a digital program requested by the state board.
1407	(c) The state board shall consider recommendations from an LEA for changes to the
1408	online data reporting tool.
1409	(6) [Information] A person shall provide or use information described in this section
1410	[shall be used] in accordance with [and provided subject to]:
1411	(a) Title 53E, Chapter 9, Student Privacy and Data Protection;
1412	(b) Family Education Rights and Privacy Act, 20 U.S.C. Sec. 1232g; and
1413	(c) the parental consent requirements in Section 53E-9-203.
1414	(7) (a) A parent or guardian may opt the parent's or guardian's student out of
1415	participating in a survey prepared by [a participating] an LEA's online data reporting tool
1416	described in this section.
1417	(b) An LEA shall provide notice to a parent of:
1418	(i) the administration of a survey described in Subsection (7)(a);
1419	(ii) if applicable, that the survey may request information from students that is non-

1420	academic in nature;
1421	(iii) where the parent may access the survey described in Subsection (7)(a) to be
1422	administered; and
1423	(iv) the opportunity to opt a student out of participating in a survey as described in
1424	Subsection (7)(a).
1425	(c) [A participating] An LEA shall annually provide notice to parents and guardians on
1426	how the [participating] LEA uses student data through the online data reporting tool to provide
1427	instruction and intervention to students.
1428	(8) An LEA may use a different platform from the platform described in Subsection
1429	(2)(a)(ii) if the different platform accomplishes the requirements of this section.
1430	Section 23. Section 53F-5-220 is amended to read:
1431	53F-5-220. School Safety and Support Grant Program Rulemaking.
1432	(1) [The-] In accordance with the results of the school safety needs assessment
1433	described in Section 53G-8-701.5 and based on recommendations from the school safety task
1434	force grant subcommittee described in Subsection (6), the state board may award a grant to an
1435	LEA in response to an LEA request for proposal to provide a school with:
1436	(a) school resource officer services;
1437	(b) school safety specialists and school safety specialist training;
1438	(c) safety and security training by law enforcement agencies for school employees;
1439	(d) interoperable communication hardware, software, equipment maintenance, and
1440	training for first responder communication systems;
1441	(e) enhanced physical security at a school upon completion of the school's [threat]
1442	safety needs assessment;
1443	(f) secured storage for firearms;
1444	[(f)] (g) first-aid kits for classrooms; or
1445	[(g)] (h) bleeding control kits.
1446	(2) An LEA may not apply for a grant under this section to fund services already in
1447	place, but an LEA may submit a request for proposal to fund an expansion of or enhancement
1448	to existing services.
1449	(3) The state board shall prioritize grant funding for LEAs [with low student counts
1450	that have designated a school safety specialist in each school] based on greatest need as

1451	determined by the results of the school safety needs assessment.
1452	(4) The state board may adopt rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
1453	Administrative Rulemaking Act, to administer this section.
1454	(5) The state board shall ensure information from the results of a school's school safety
1455	needs assessment is kept confidential in accordance with Section 53G-8-701.5.
1456	(6) (a) There is created a grant subcommittee comprised of members of the school
1457	safety task force described in Section 53-22-104.1.
1458	(b) The co-chairs of the task force shall appoint no more than half of the task force to
1459	the grant subcommittee.
1460	(c) The grant subcommittee shall review LEA applications and provide
1461	recommendations for awards to the state board based on the criteria described in this section.
1462	(d) The school safety center described in Section 53G-8-802 shall staff the grant
1463	subcommittee.
1464	Section 24. Section 53G-6-806 is amended to read:
1465	53G-6-806. Parent portal.
1466	(1) As used in this section:
1467	(a) "Parent portal" means the posting the state board is required to provide under this
1468	section.
1469	(b) "School" means a public elementary or secondary school, including a charter
1470	school.
1471	(2) (a) The state board shall post information that allows a parent of a student enrolled
1472	in a school to:
1473	(i) access an LEA's policies required by Sections 53G-9-203 and 53G-9-605;
1474	(ii) be informed of resources and steps to follow when a student has been the subject,
1475	perpetrator, or bystander of bullying, cyber-bullying, hazing, retaliation, or abusive conduct
1476	such as:
1477	(A) resources for the student, including short-term mental health services;
1478	(B) options for the student to make changes to the student's educational environment;
1479	(C) options for alternative school enrollment;
1480	(D) options for differentiated start or stop times;
1481	(E) options for differentiated exit and entrance locations; and

1482	(F) the designated employee for an LEA who addresses incidents of bullying,
1483	cyber-bullying, hazing, retaliation, and abusive conduct;
1484	(iii) be informed of the steps and resources for filing a grievance with a school or LEA
1485	regarding bullying, cyber-bullying, hazing, or retaliation;
1486	(iv) be informed of the steps and resources for seeking accommodations under the
1487	Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, 42 U.S.C. 12101 et seq;
1488	(v) be informed of the steps and resources for seeking accommodations under state or
1489	federal law regarding religious accommodations;
1490	(vi) be informed of the steps and resources for filing a grievance for an alleged
1491	violation of state or federal law, including:
1492	(A) Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 2000d-2000d-4;
1493	(B) Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, 20 U.S.C. Sec. 1681-1688;
1494	(C) Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. Sec. 794; and
1495	(D) Title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, 42 U.S.C. Sec.
1496	12131-12165;
1497	(vii) receive information about constitutional rights and freedoms afforded to families
1498	in public education;
1499	(viii) be informed of how to access an internal audit hotline if established by the state
1500	board; and
1501	(ix) be informed of services for military families.
1502	(b) In addition to the information required under Subsection (2)(a), the state board:
1503	(i) shall include in the parent portal:
1504	(A) the comparison tool created under Section 53G-6-805; [and]
1505	(B) school level safety data, including data points described in Section 53E-3-516; and
1506	(C) a link to the public safety portal described in Section 63A-16-1002; and
1507	(ii) may include in the parent portal other information that the state board determines is
1508	helpful to parents.
1509	(3) (a) The state board shall post the parent portal at a location that is easily located by
1510	a parent.
1511	(b) The state board shall update the parent portal at least annually.
1512	(c) In accordance with state and federal law, the state board may collaborate with a

1513	third-party to provide safety data visualization in comparison to other states' data.
1514	(4) An LEA shall annually notify each of the following of how to access the parent
1515	portal:
1516	(a) a parent of a student; and
1517	(b) a teacher, principal, or other professional staff within the LEA.
1518	Section 25. Section 53G-8-213 is amended to read:
1519	53G-8-213. Reintegration plan for student alleged to have committed violent
1520	felony or weapon offense.
1521	(1) As used in this section:
1522	(a) "Multidisciplinary team" means:
1523	(i) the local education agency[;];
1524	(ii) the juvenile court[;];
1525	(iii) the Division of Juvenile Justice Services[-;];
1526	(iv) a school safety and security specialist designated under Section 53G-8-701.6;
1527	(v) school safety and security director designated under Section 53G-8-701.8;
1528	(vi) a school resource officer if applicable[-;]; and
1529	(vii) any other relevant party that should be involved in a reintegration plan.
1530	(b) "Violent felony" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-3-203.5.
1531	(2) If a school district receives a notification from the juvenile court or a law
1532	enforcement agency that a student was arrested for, charged with, or adjudicated in the juvenile
1533	court for a violent felony or an offense in violation of Title 76, Chapter 10, Part 5, Weapons,
1534	the school shall develop a reintegration plan for the student with a multidisciplinary team, the
1535	student, and the student's parent or guardian, within five days after the day on which the school
1536	receives a notification.
1537	(3) The school may deny admission to the student until the school completes the
1538	reintegration plan under Subsection (2).
1539	(4) The reintegration plan under Subsection (2) shall address:
1540	(a) a behavioral intervention for the student;
1541	(b) a short-term mental health or counseling service for the student; and
1542	(c) an academic intervention for the student.
1543	Section 26. Section 53G-8-701 is amended to read:

1544	Part 7. School Safety Personnel
1545	53G-8-701. Definitions.
1546	As used in this part:
1547	(1) "Armed school security guard" means the same as that term is defined in Section
1548	<u>53G-8-804.</u>
1549	(2) "County security chief" means the same as that term is defined in Section
1550	<u>53-22-101.</u>
1551	[(1)] (3) "Law enforcement agency" means the same as that term is defined in Section
1552	53-1-102.
1553	$[\frac{(2)}{4}]$ "Public school" means the same as that term is defined in Section
1554	53G-9-205.1.
1555	(5) "School guardian" means the same as that term is defined in Section 53-22-106.
1556	(6) "School is in session" means the same as that term is defined in Section 53E-3-516.
1557	[(3)] (7) "School resource officer" [or "SRO"] means a law enforcement officer, as
1558	defined in Section 53-13-103, who contracts with or whose law enforcement agency contracts
1559	with an LEA to provide law enforcement services for the LEA.
1560	(8) "School safety and security director" means an individual whom an LEA designates
1561	in accordance with Section 53G-8-701.8.
1562	[(4)] (9) "School safety and security specialist" means a school employee designated
1563	<u>under Section 53G-8-701.6</u> who is responsible for supporting school safety initiatives[
1564	including the threat assessment described in Subsection 53G-8-802(2)(g)(i)].
1565	(10) "School safety center" means the same as that term is defined in Section
1566	<u>53G-8-801.</u>
1567	(11) "State security chief" means the same as that term is defined in Section 53-22-101.
1568	Section 27. Section 53G-8-701.5 is repealed and reenacted to read:
1569	53G-8-701.5. School safety needs assessment School safety personnel
1570	Alternative requirements.
1571	(1) (a) No later than December 31, 2024, an LEA shall:
1572	(i) ensure a school safety needs assessment is conducted in accordance with Subsection
1573	(1)(b) for each school within the LEA to determine the needs and deficiencies regarding:
1574	(A) appropriate school safety personnel, including necessary supports, training, and

1575	policy creation for the personnel;
1576	(B) physical building security and safety, including required upgrades to facilities and
1577	safety technology; and
1578	(C) a school's current threat and emergency response protocols, including any
1579	emergency response agreements with local law enforcement; and
1580	(ii) report the results of the school safety needs assessment for each school within the
1581	LEA to the state security chief and the school safety center.
1582	(b) The school safety specialist described in Section 53G-8-701.6 in collaboration with
1583	the county security chief or designee described in Section 53-22-103 shall conduct the school
1584	safety needs assessment for each school.
1585	(c) In collaboration with the school safety center described in Section 53G-8-802, the
1586	state security chief described in Section 53-22-102 shall create a school safety needs
1587	assessment that an LEA shall use to ensure compliance with this Subsection (1).
1588	(d) The state board shall use the results of the school safety needs assessment for each
1589	school within an LEA to award a grant to an LEA in accordance with Section 53F-5-220.
1590	(e) Any information or record detailing a school's needs assessment results is:
1591	(i) a private, controlled, or protected record under Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government
1592	Records Access and Management Act; and
1593	(ii) available only to:
1594	(A) the state security chief;
1595	(B) the school safety center;
1596	(C) members of an LEA governing board;
1597	(D) administrators of the LEA and school the needs assessment concerns;
1598	(E) only to the extent necessary to award a grant under Section 53F-5-220, the state
1599	board;
1600	(F) the applicable school safety personnel described in Subsection (2);
1601	(G) a local law enforcement agency that would respond to the school in case of an
1602	emergency; and
1603	(H) the county security chief.
1604	(f) An individual who intentionally or knowingly provides the information described in
1605	Subsection (1)(e) to an individual or entity not listed in Subsection (1)(e)(ii) is guilty of a class

1606	B misdemeanor.
1607	(2) (a) An LEA shall ensure each school within the LEA has the following school
1608	safety personnel:
1609	(i) a school safety and security specialist described in Section 53G-8-701.6; and
1610	(ii) based on the results of the needs assessment described in Subsection (1), at least
1611	one of the following:
1612	(A) a school resource officer;
1613	(B) a school guardian; or
1614	(C) an armed school security guard.
1615	(b) In addition to the school safety personnel described in Subsection (2)(a), an LEA
1616	shall designate a school safety and security director described in Section 53G-8-701.8.
1617	(c) If a school has more than 350 students enrolled at the school, the same individual
1618	may not serve in more than one of the roles listed in Subsections (2)(a) and (b).
1619	(d) An LEA may implement the requirements of Subsection (2)(a)(ii) before the LEA
1620	has completed the school safety needs assessment described in Subsection (1).
1621	(e) The state security chief in consultation with the school safety center shall establish
1622	a timeline for an LEA to comply with the school safety personnel requirements of this
1623	Subsection (2).
1624	(3) (a) An LEA, school administrator, or private school may apply to the state security
1625	chief for an approved alternative to the requirements described in:
1626	(i) Section 53-22-105;
1627	(ii) this section;
1628	(iii) Section 53G-8-701.6;
1629	(iv) Section 53G-8-701.8; and
1630	(v) Section 53G-8-704.
1631	(b) In approving or denying an application described in Subsection (3)(a), the state
1632	security chief may consider factors that impact a school or LEA's ability to adhere to the
1633	requirements of this section, including the school or LEA's:
1634	(i) population size;
1635	(ii) staffing needs or capacity;
1636	(iii) geographic location;

1637	(iv) available funding; or
1638	(v) general demonstration of need for an alternative to the requirements of this section.
1639	(4) A private school shall identify an individual at the private school to serve as the
1640	safety liaison with the local law enforcement of relevant jurisdiction and the state security
1641	chief.
1642	Section 28. Section 53G-8-701.6 is enacted to read:
1643	53G-8-701.6. School safety and security specialist.
1644	(1) As used in this section, "principal" means the chief administrator at a public school,
1645	including:
1646	(a) a school principal;
1647	(b) a charter school director; or
1648	(c) the superintendent of the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind.
1649	(2) (a) Subject to Subsection (2)(b) and except as provided in Subsection
1650	53G-8-701.5(3), every campus within an LEA shall designate a school safety and security
1651	specialist from the employees of the relevant campus.
1652	(b) The school safety and security specialist:
1653	(i) may not be a principal; and
1654	(ii) may be the school safety and security director at one campus within the LEA.
1655	(3) The school safety and security specialist shall:
1656	(a) report directly to the principal;
1657	(b) oversee school safety and security practices to ensure a safe and secure school
1658	environment for students and staff;
1659	(c) ensure adherence with all policies, procedures, protocols, rules, and regulations
1660	relating to school safety and security through collaborating and maintaining effective
1661	communications with the following as applicable:
1662	(i) the principal;
1663	(ii) school staff;
1664	(iii) the school resource officer;
1665	(iv) the armed school security guard;
1666	(v) the school guardian;
1667	(vi) local law enforcement;

1668	(vii) the county security chief;
1669	(viii) the school safety and security director;
1670	(ix) the LEA; and
1671	(x) school-based behavioral and mental health professionals;
1672	(d) in collaboration with the county security chief or designee described in Section
1673	<u>53-22-103:</u>
1674	(i) conduct the school safety needs assessment described in Section 53G-8-701.5; and
1675	(ii) conduct a building safety evaluation at least annually using the results of the school
1676	safety needs assessment to recommend and implement improvements to school facilities,
1677	policies, procedures, protocols, rules, and regulations relating to school safety and security;
1678	(e) if the specialist is also an employee of an LEA, participate on the multidisciplinary
1679	team that the LEA establishes;
1680	(f) conduct a behavioral threat assessment when the school safety and security
1681	specialist deems necessary using an evidence-based tool the state security chief recommends in
1682	consultation with the school safety center and the Office of Substance Abuse and Mental
1683	Health;
1684	(g) regularly monitor and report to the principal, local law enforcement, and, if
1685	applicable, the LEA superintendent or designee, security risks for the school resulting from:
1686	(i) issues with school facilities; or
1687	(ii) the implementation of practices, policies, procedures, and protocols relating to
1688	school safety and security;
1689	(h) coordinate with local first responder agencies to implement and monitor safety and
1690	security drills in accordance with policy and applicable procedures and protocols;
1691	(i) ensure that school staff, and when appropriate students, receive training on and
1692	remain current on the school's safety and security procedures and protocols;
1693	(j) following an event where security of the school has been significantly
1694	compromised, organize a debriefing with the individuals listed in Subsection (3)(c) regarding
1695	strengthening school safety and security practices, policies, procedures, and protocols;
1696	(k) abide by any LEA, school, or law enforcement agency policy outlining the chain of
1697	command;
1698	(1) during an emergency, coordinate with the following individuals as applicable the:

1699	(i) school resource officer;
1700	(ii) school guardians;
1701	(iii) armed school security guards;
1702	(iv) school administrators; and
1703	(v) responding law enforcement officers;
1704	(m) follow any LEA, school, or law enforcement agency student privacy policies,
1705	including state and federal privacy laws;
1706	(n) participate in an annual training the state security chief selects in consultation with
1707	the school safety center; and
1708	(o) remain current on:
1709	(i) a comprehensive school guideline the state security chief selects;
1710	(ii) the duties of a school safety and security specialist described in this Subsection (3);
1711	<u>and</u>
1712	(iii) the school's emergency response plan.
1713	(4) During an active emergency at the school, the school safety and security specialist
1714	is subordinate to any responding law enforcement officers.
1715	Section 29. Section 53G-8-701.8 is enacted to read:
1716	53G-8-701.8. School safety and security director.
1717	(1) Except as provided in Subsection 53G-8-701.5(3), an LEA shall designate a school
1718	safety and security director as the LEA point of contact for the county security chief, local law
1719	enforcement, and the state security chief.
1720	(2) A school safety and security director shall:
1721	(a) participate in and satisfy the training requirements, including the annual and
1722	biannual requirements, described in:
1723	(i) Section 53-22-105 for school guardians;
1724	(ii) Section 53G-8-702 for school resource officers; and
1725	(iii) Section 53G-8-704 for armed school security guards;
1726	(b) have a valid concealed carry permit issued under Title 53, Chapter 5, Part 7,
1727	Concealed Firearm Act;
1728	(c) if the designee is an employee of an LEA, participate on the multidisciplinary team
1729	the LEA establishes;

1730	(d) coordinate security responses among, if applicable, the following individuals in the
1731	LEA that employs the school safety and security director:
1732	(i) school safety and security specialists;
1733	(ii) school resource officers;
1734	(iii) armed school security guards; and
1735	(iv) school guardians; and
1736	(e) collaborate and maintain effective communications with local law enforcement, a
1737	county security chief, the LEA, and school-based behavioral and mental health professionals to
1738	ensure adherence with all policies, procedures, protocols, rules, and regulations relating to
1739	school safety and security.
1740	(3) A school safety and security director:
1741	(a) does not have authority to act in a law enforcement capacity; and
1742	(b) may, at the LEA that employs the director:
1743	(i) take actions necessary to prevent or abate an active threat;
1744	(ii) temporarily detain an individual when the school safety and security director has
1745	reasonable cause to believe the individual has committed or is about to commit a forcible
1746	felony, as that term is defined in Section 76-2-402;
1747	(4) Notwithstanding Subsection 76-10-505.5(4), if a school safety and security director
1748	is carrying a firearm, the school safety and security director shall carry the school safety and
1749	security director's firearm in a concealed manner and may not, unless during an active threat,
1750	display or open carry a firearm while on school grounds.
1751	(5) A school may use the services of the school safety and security director on a
1752	temporary basis to satisfy the school safety personnel requirement of Subsection
1753	<u>53G-8-701.5(2).</u>
1754	(6) The state security chief shall:
1755	(a) for each school safety and security director, track each school safety and security
1756	director by collecting the photograph and the name and contact information for each school
1757	safety and security director; and
1758	(b) make the information described in Subsection (6)(a) readily available to each law
1759	enforcement agency in the state categorized by LEA.
1760	Section 30 Section 53G-8-702 is amended to read:

1761	53G-8-702. School administrator and school resource officer training
1762	Curriculum.
1763	(1) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
1764	[the state board] the state security chief appointed under Section 53-22-102 in consultation
1765	with the state board, shall make rules that prepare and make available [a training] an annual
1766	program for school principals, school personnel, school safety personnel described in Section
1767	53G-8-701.5, and school resource officers to attend.
1768	(2) To create the curriculum and materials for the training program described in
1769	Subsection (1), the [state board] state security chief in consultation with the school safety
1770	center shall:
1771	(a) work in conjunction with the State Commission on Criminal and Juvenile Justice
1772	created in Section 63M-7-201;
1773	(b) solicit input from local school boards, charter school governing boards, and the
1774	Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind;
1775	(c) consult with a nationally recognized organization that provides resources and
1776	training for school resource officers;
1777	(d) solicit input from local law enforcement and other interested community
1778	stakeholders; and
1779	(e) consider the current United States Department of Education recommendations on
1780	school discipline and the role of a school resource officer.
1781	(3) The training program described in Subsection (1) shall be for a minimum time
1782	established by the state security chief in accordance with Subsection (1) and may include
1783	training on the following:
1784	(a) childhood and adolescent development;
1785	(b) responding age-appropriately to students;
1786	(c) working with disabled students;
1787	(d) techniques to de-escalate and resolve conflict;
1788	(e) cultural awareness;
1789	(f) restorative justice practices;
1790	(g) identifying a student exposed to violence or trauma and referring the student to
1791	appropriate resources;

1792	(h) student privacy rights;
1793	(i) negative consequences associated with youth involvement in the juvenile and
1794	criminal justice systems;
1795	(j) strategies to reduce juvenile justice involvement;
1796	(k) roles of and distinctions between a school resource officer and other school staff
1797	who help keep a school secure;
1798	(1) the standard response protocol and drills described in Section 53G-8-803;
1799	(m) an overview of the agreement described in Section 53G-8-703;
1800	$[\underbrace{(1)}]$ (\underline{n}) developing and supporting successful relationships with students; and
1801	[(m)] (o) legal parameters of searching and questioning students on school property.
1802	(4) The [state board] school safety center shall work together with the Department of
1803	Public Safety, the State Commission on Criminal and Juvenile Justice, and state and local law
1804	enforcement to establish policies, procedures, and training requirements for school resource
1805	officers.
1806	Section 31. Section 53G-8-703 is amended to read:
1807	53G-8-703. Contracts between an LEA and law enforcement for school resource
1808	officer services Requirements LEA establishment of a school resource officer policy
1809	Public comment.
1810	(1) (a) An LEA may use a school resource officer to satisfy the school safety personnel
1811	requirements of Section 53G-8-701.5.
1812	(b) An LEA [may] that uses a school resource officer under Subsection (1)(a) shall
1813	contract with a local law enforcement agency to provide school resource officer services [at the
1814	LEA].
1815	(2) An LEA contract with a law enforcement agency to provide [SRO] school resource
1816	officer services at the LEA shall require in the contract:
1817	(a) an acknowledgment by the law enforcement agency that [an SRO] a school
1818	resource officer hired under the contract shall:
1819	(i) provide for and maintain a safe, healthy, and productive learning environment in a
1820	school;
1821	(ii) act as a positive role model to students;
1822	(iii) work to create a cooperative proactive and problem-solving partnership between

1823	law enforcement and the LEA;
1824	(iv) emphasize the use of restorative approaches to address negative behavior; and
1825	(v) at the request of the LEA, teach a vocational law enforcement class;
1826	(b) a description of the shared understanding of the LEA and the law enforcement
1827	agency regarding the roles and responsibilities of law enforcement and the LEA to:
1828	(i) maintain safe schools;
1829	(ii) improve school climate; and
1830	(iii) support educational opportunities for students;
1831	(c) a designation of student offenses that, in accordance with Section 53G-8-211, the
1832	[SRO] school resource officer:
1833	(i) may refer to the juvenile court;
1834	(ii) shall confer with the LEA to resolve; and
1835	(iii) shall refer to a school administrator for resolution as an administrative issue with
1836	the understanding that the [SRO] school resource officer will be informed of the outcome of
1837	the administrative issue;
1838	(d) a detailed description of the rights of a student under state and federal law with
1839	regard to:
1840	(i) searches;
1841	(ii) questioning;
1842	(iii) arrests; and
1843	(iv) information privacy;
1844	(e) a detailed description of:
1845	(i) job assignment and duties, including:
1846	(A) the school to which the [SRO] school resource officer will be assigned;
1847	(B) the hours the [SRO] school resource officer is expected to be present at the school;
1848	(C) the point of contact at the school;
1849	(D) specific responsibilities for providing and receiving information; and
1850	(E) types of records to be kept, and by whom;
1851	(ii) training requirements; and
1852	(iii) other expectations of the [SRO] school resource officer and school administration
1853	in relation to law enforcement at the LEA;

1854	(f) that [an SRO] a school resource officer who is hired under the contract and the
1855	principal at the school where [an SRO] a school resource officer will be working, or the
1856	principal's designee, will jointly complete the [SRO] school resource officer training described
1857	in Section 53G-8-702;
1858	(g) that both parties agree to jointly discuss [SRO] school resource officer applicants;
1859	[and]
1860	(h) that the law enforcement agency will, at least annually, seek out and accept
1861	feedback from an LEA about [an SRO's] a school resource officer's performance[-]; and
1862	(i) a designation of the school resource officer or the law enforcement agency's
1863	designee as a "school officials" for purposes of the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act,
1864	34 C.F.R. Part 99.
1865	(3) An LEA may not require or prohibit mandatory rotations of school resource officers
1866	as part of the contract described in Subsection (2).
1867	(4) An LEA that uses a school resource officer under Subsection (1)(a) shall establish a
1868	school resource officer policy.
1869	(5) The school resource officer policy described in Subsection (4) shall include:
1870	(a) the contract described in Subsection (2); and
1871	(b) all other procedures and requirements governing the relationship between the LEA
1872	and a school resource officer.
1873	(6) Before implementing the school resource officer policy described in Subsection (4),
1874	the LEA shall present the school resource officer policy at a public meeting and receive public
1875	comment on the school resource officer policy.
1876	Section 32. Section 53G-8-704 is enacted to read:
1877	53G-8-704. Contracts between an LEA and a contract security company for
1878	armed school security guards.
1879	(1) As used in this section:
1880	(a) "Armed private security officer" means the same as that term is defined in Section
1881	<u>58-63-102.</u>
1882	(b) "Armed school security guard" means an armed private security officer who is:
1883	(i) licensed as an armed private security officer under Title 58, Chapter 63, Security
1884	Personnel Licensing Act; and

1885	(ii) has met the requirements described in Subsection (4)(a).		
1886	(c) "Contract security company" means the same as that term is defined in Section		
1887	<u>58-63-102.</u>		
1888	(d) "State security chief" means the same as the term is defined in Section 53-22-102.		
1889	(2) (a) An LEA may use an armed school security guard to satisfy the school safety		
1890	personnel requirements of Section 53G-8-701.5.		
1891	(b) An LEA that uses an armed school security guard under Subsection (2)(a) shall		
1892	contract with a contract security company to provide armed school security guards at each		
1893	school within the LEA.		
1894	(3) The contract described in Subsection (2)(b) shall include a detailed description of:		
1895	(a) the rights of a student under state and federal law with regard to:		
1896	(i) searches;		
1897	(ii) questioning;		
1898	(iii) arrests; and		
1899	(iv) information privacy;		
1900	(b) job assignment and duties of an armed school security guard, including:		
1901	(i) the school to which an armed school security guard will be assigned;		
1902	(ii) the hours an armed school security guard is present at the school;		
1903	(iii) the point of contact at the school that an armed school security guard will contact		
1904	in case of an emergency;		
1905	(iv) specific responsibilities for providing and receiving information;		
1906	(v) types of records to be kept, and by whom;		
1907	(vi) training requirements; and		
1908	(c) other expectations of the contract security company in relation to school security at		
1909	the LEA.		
1910	(4) (a) In addition to the requirements for licensure under Title 58, Chapter 63, Security		
1911	Personnel Licensing Act, an armed private security officer may only serve as an armed school		
1912	security guard under a contract described in Subsection (2)(b) if the armed private security		
1913	officer:		
1914	(i) has a valid concealed carry permit issued under Title 53, Chapter 5, Part 7,		
1915	Concealed Firearm Act; and		

1916	(ii) has undergone training from a county security chief regarding:
1917	(A) the safe loading, unloading, storage, and carrying of firearms in a school setting;
1918	(B) the role of armed security guards in a school setting; and
1919	(C) coordination with law enforcement and school officials during an active threat.
1920	(b) An armed school security guard that meets the requirements of Subsection (4)(a)
1921	shall, in order to remain eligible to be assigned as an armed school security guard at any school
1922	under a contract described in Subsection (2)(b), participate in and satisfy the training
1923	requirements of the initial, annual, and biannual trainings as defined in Section 53-22-105.
1924	(5) An armed school security guard may conceal or openly carry a firearm at the school
1925	at which the armed school security guard is employed under the contract described in
1926	Subsection (2)(b).
1927	(6) An LEA that enters a contract under this section shall inform the state security chief
1928	and the relevant county security chief of the contract and provide the contact information of the
1929	contract security company employing the armed security guard for use during an emergency.
1930	(7) The state security chief shall:
1931	(a) for each LEA that contracts with a contract security company under this section,
1932	track each contract security company providing armed school security guards by name and the
1933	contact information for use in case of an emergency; and
1934	(b) make the information described in Subsection (7)(a) readily available to each law
1935	enforcement agency in the state by school.
1936	(8) An armed school security guard shall file a report described in Subsection (9) if,
1937	during the performance of the armed school security guard's duties the armed school security
1938	guard:
1939	(a) points a firearm at an individual; or
1940	(b) aims a conductive energy device at an individual and displays the electrical current.
1941	(9) (a) A report described in Subsection (8) shall include:
1942	(i) a description of the incident;
1943	(ii) the identification of the individuals involved in the incident; and
1944	(iii) any other information required by the state security chief.
1945	(b) An armed school security guard shall submit a report required under Subsection (8)
1946	to the school administrator, school safety and security director, and the state security chief

1947	within 48 hours after the incident.
1948	(c) The school administrator, school safety and security director, and the state security
1949	chief shall consult and review the report submitted under Subsection (9)(b).
1950	Section 33. Section 53G-8-801 is amended to read:
1951	53G-8-801. Definitions.
1952	As used in this section:
1953	(1) "Bullying" means the same as that term is defined in Section 53G-9-601.
1954	(2) "Law enforcement officer" means the same as that term is defined in Section
1955	53-13-103.
1956	(3) "School safety center" means the entity established in Section 53G-8-802.
1957	[(3) "Program" means the State Safety and Support Program established in Section
1958	53G-8-802.]
1959	(4) "State security chief" means the same as that term is defined in Section 53-22-101.
1960	Section 34. Section 53G-8-802 is amended to read:
1961	53G-8-802. School Safety Center LEA duties.
1962	(1) There is created the [State Safety and Support Program] School Safety Center.
1963	(2) The [state board] School Safety Center shall:
1964	(a) develop in conjunction with the Office of Substance Use and Mental Health and the
1965	state security chief model student safety and support policies for an LEA, including:
1966	(i) requiring an evidence-based [procedures for the] behavior threat assessment [of and
1967	intervention] that includes:
1968	(A) recommended interventions with an individual whose behavior poses a threat to
1969	school safety; and
1970	(B) establishes defined roles for a multidisciplinary team and school safety personnel
1971	described in Title 53G, Chapter 8, Part 7, School Safety Personnel, including;
1972	(ii) procedures for referrals to law enforcement; and
1973	(iii) procedures for referrals to a community services entity, a family support
1974	organization, or a health care provider for evaluation or treatment;
1975	(b) provide training in consultation with the state security chief:
1976	(i) in school safety;
1977	(ii) in evidence-based approaches to improve school climate and address and correct

19/8	bullying behavior;
1979	(iii) in evidence-based approaches in identifying an individual who may pose a threat
1980	to the school community;
1981	(iv) in evidence-based approaches in identifying an individual who may be showing
1982	signs or symptoms of mental illness;
1983	(v) on permitted disclosures of student data to law enforcement and other support
1984	services under the Family Education Rights and Privacy Act, 20 U.S.C. Sec. 1232g;
1985	(vi) on permitted collection of student data under 20 U.S.C. Sec. 1232h and Sections
1986	53E-9-203 and 53E-9-305; and
1987	(vii) for administrators on rights and prohibited acts under:
1988	(A) Chapter 9, Part 6, Bullying and Hazing;
1989	(B) Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 2000d et seq.;
1990	(C) Title IX of Education Amendments of 1972, 20 U.S.C. Sec. 1681 et seq.;
1991	(D) Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. Sec. 701 et seq.; and
1992	(E) the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, 20 U.S.C. Sec. 1400 et seq.;
1993	(c) conduct and disseminate evidence-based research on school safety concerns;
1994	(d) disseminate information on effective school safety initiatives;
1995	(e) encourage partnerships between public and private sectors to promote school safety;
1996	(f) provide technical assistance to an LEA in the development and implementation of
1997	school safety initiatives;
1998	(g) in conjunction with the [Department of Public Safety, develop and] state security
1999	<u>chief</u> , make available to an LEA [a] <u>the</u> model critical incident response training program [that
2000	includes:] a school and law enforcement agency shall use during a threat;
2001	[(i) protocols for conducting a threat assessment, and ensuring building security during
2002	an incident, as required in Section 53G-8-701.5;]
2003	[(ii) standardized response protocol terminology for use throughout the state;]
2004	[(iii) protocols for planning and safety drills; and]
2005	[(iv) recommendations for safety equipment for schools including amounts and types
2006	of first aid supplies;
2007	(h) provide space for the public safety liaison described in Section 53-1-106 and the
2008	school-based mental health specialist described in Section 26B-5-211;

2009	(i) collaborate with the state security chief to determine appropriate application of
2010	school safety requirements in Utah Code to an online school;
2011	[(i)] (j) create a model school climate survey that may be used by an LEA to assess
2012	stakeholder perception of a school environment and, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3,
2013	Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, adopt rules:
2014	(i) requiring an LEA to:
2015	(A) create or adopt and disseminate a school climate survey; and
2016	(B) disseminate the school climate survey;
2017	(ii) recommending the distribution method, survey frequency, and sample size of the
2018	survey; and
2019	(iii) specifying the areas of content for the school climate survey; and
2020	[(j)] (k) collect aggregate data and school climate survey results from each LEA.
2021	(3) Nothing in this section requires an individual to respond to a school climate survey.
2022	(4) The state board shall require an LEA to:
2023	(a) (i) review data from the state board-facilitated surveys containing school climate
2024	data for each school within the LEA; and
2025	(ii) based on the review described in Subsection (4)(a)(i):
2026	(A) revise practices, policies, and training to eliminate harassment and discrimination
2027	in each school within the LEA;
2028	(B) adopt a plan for harassment- and discrimination-free learning; and
2029	(C) host outreach events or assemblies to inform students and parents of the plan
2030	adopted under Subsection (4)(a)(ii)(B);
2031	(b) no later than September 1 of each school year, send a notice to each student, parent,
2032	and LEA staff member stating the LEA's commitment to maintaining a school climate that is
2033	free of harassment and discrimination; and
2034	(c) report to the state board:
2035	(i) no later than August 1, 2023, on the LEA's plan adopted under Subsection
2036	(4)(a)(ii)(B); and
2037	(ii) after August 1, 2023, annually on the LEA's implementation of the plan and
2038	progress.
2039	Section 35. Section 53G-8-803 is amended to read:

2040	53G-8-803. Standard response protocol to active threats in schools.
2041	[The state board] The state security chief described in Section 53-22-102 in
2042	consultation with the school safety center shall make rules, in accordance with Title 63G,
2043	Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, to:
2044	(1) in accordance with the standard response protocol established by the state security
2045	chief, require an LEA or school to develop emergency preparedness plans and emergency
2046	response plans for use during an emergency that include developmentally appropriate training
2047	for students and adults regarding:
2048	(a) active threats;
2049	(b) emergency preparedness;
2050	(c) drills as required under Subsection 15A-5-202.5 and by the state security chief; and
2051	(d) standard response protocols coordinated with community stakeholders; and
2052	(2) identify the necessary components of emergency preparedness and response plans,
2053	including underlying standard response protocols and emerging best practices for an
2054	emergency[; and] <u>.</u>
2055	[(3) define what constitutes an "active threat" and "developmentally appropriate" for
2056	purposes of the emergency response training described in this section.]
2057	Section 36. Section 53G-8-805 is enacted to read:
2058	53G-8-805. Panic alert device Security cameras.
2059	(1) In accordance with the results of the school safety needs assessment described in
2060	Section 53G-8-701.5, an LEA shall provide a staff person in each classroom with a wearable
2061	panic alert device that allows for immediate contact with emergency services or emergency
2062	services agencies, law enforcement agencies, health departments, and fire departments.
2063	(2) An LEA shall ensure, before the school year begins, all school building personnel
2064	receive training on the protocol and appropriate use of the panic alert device described in
2065	Subsection (1).
2066	(3) An LEA shall:
2067	(a) ensure all security cameras within a school building are accessible by a local law
2068	enforcement agency; and
2069	(b) coordinate with a local law enforcement agency to establish appropriate access
2070	protocols.

2071	(4) This section is not subject to the restrictions in Section 41-6a-2003.			
2072	Section 37. Section 53G-9-601 is amended to read:			
2073	53G-9-601. Definitions.			
2074	As used in this part:			
2075	(1) (a) "Abusive conduct" means verbal, nonverbal, or physical conduct of a parent or			
2076	student directed toward a school employee that, based on its severity, nature, and frequency of			
2077	occurrence, a reasonable person would determine is intended to cause intimidation,			
2078	humiliation, or unwarranted distress.			
2079	(b) A single act does not constitute abusive conduct.			
2080	(2) "Action plan" means a process to address an incident as described in Section			
2081	<u>53G-9-605.5.</u>			
2082	[(2)] (3) "Bullying" means a school employee or student intentionally committing a			
2083	written, verbal, or physical act against a school employee or student that a reasonable person			
2084	under the circumstances should know or reasonably foresee will have the effect of:			
2085	(a) causing physical or emotional harm to the school employee or student;			
2086	(b) causing damage to the school employee's or student's property;			
2087	(c) placing the school employee or student in reasonable fear of:			
2088	(i) harm to the school employee's or student's physical or emotional well-being; or			
2089	(ii) damage to the school employee's or student's property;			
2090	(d) creating a hostile, threatening, humiliating, or abusive educational environment due			
2091	to:			
2092	(i) the pervasiveness, persistence, or severity of the actions; or			
2093	(ii) a power differential between the bully and the target; or			
2094	(e) substantially interfering with a student having a safe school environment that is			
2095	necessary to facilitate educational performance, opportunities, or benefits.			
2096	[(3)] (4) "Communication" means the conveyance of a message, whether verbal,			
2097	written, or electronic.			
2098	[(4)] (5) "Cyber-bullying" means using the Internet, a cell phone, or another device to			
2099	send or post text, video, or an image with the intent or knowledge, or with reckless disregard,			
2100	that the text, video, or image will hurt, embarrass, or threaten an individual, regardless of			
2101	whether the individual directed, consented to, or acquiesced in the conduct, or voluntarily			

2102	accessed	the	electronic	communication
2102	accesseu	uic	CICCHOILC	Communication

- [(5)] (6) (a) "Hazing" means a school employee or student intentionally, knowingly, or recklessly committing an act or causing another individual to commit an act toward a school employee or student that:
- (i) (A) endangers the mental or physical health or safety of a school employee or student;
- (B) involves any brutality of a physical nature, including whipping, beating, branding, calisthenics, bruising, electric shocking, placing of a harmful substance on the body, or exposure to the elements;
- (C) involves consumption of any food, alcoholic product, drug, or other substance or other physical activity that endangers the mental or physical health and safety of a school employee or student; or
- (D) involves any activity that would subject a school employee or student to extreme mental stress, such as sleep deprivation, extended isolation from social contact, or conduct that subjects a school employee or student to extreme embarrassment, shame, or humiliation; and
- (ii) (A) is committed for the purpose of initiation into, admission into, affiliation with, holding office in, or as a condition for membership in a school or school sponsored team, organization, program, club, or event; or
- (B) is directed toward a school employee or student whom the individual who commits the act knows, at the time the act is committed, is a member of, or candidate for membership in, a school or school sponsored team, organization, program, club, or event in which the individual who commits the act also participates.
- (b) The conduct described in Subsection [(5)(a)] (6)(a) constitutes hazing, regardless of whether the school employee or student against whom the conduct is committed directed, consented to, or acquiesced in, the conduct.
- [(6)] (7) "Incident" means an incident of bullying, cyber-bullying, hazing, or retaliation that is prohibited under this part.
- 2129 (8) "LEA governing board" means a local school board or charter school governing board.
- 2131 [(7)] (9) "Policy" means an LEA governing board policy described in Section 2132 53G-9-605.

2133	[(8)] (10) "Public education suicide prevention coordinator" means the public			
2134	education suicide prevention coordinator described in Section 53G-9-702.			
2135	[(9)] (11) "Retaliate" means an act or communication intended:			
2136	(a) as retribution against a person for reporting bullying or hazing; or			
2137	(b) to improperly influence the investigation of, or the response to, a report of bullying			
2138	or hazing.			
2139	[(10)] (12) "School" means a public elementary or secondary school, including a			
2140	charter school.			
2141	[(11)] (13) "School employee" means an individual working in the individual's official			
2142	capacity as:			
2143	(a) a school teacher;			
2144	(b) a school staff member;			
2145	(c) a school administrator; or			
2146	(d) an individual:			
2147	(i) who is employed, directly or indirectly, by a school, an LEA governing board, or a			
2148	school district; and			
2149	(ii) who works on a school campus.			
2150	$[\frac{(12)}{(14)}]$ "State suicide prevention coordinator" means the state suicide prevention			
2151	coordinator described in Section 26B-5-611.			
2152	[(13)] (15) "State superintendent" means the state superintendent of public instruction			
2153	appointed under Section 53E-3-301.			
2154	Section 38. Section 53G-9-602 is amended to read:			
2155	53G-9-602. Bullying, hazing, and cyber-bullying prohibited.			
2156	(1) A school employee or student may not engage in bullying a school employee or			
2157	student:			
2158	(a) on school property;			
2159	(b) at a school related or sponsored event;			
2160	(c) on a school bus;			
2161	(d) at a school bus stop; or			
2162	(e) while the school employee or student is traveling to or from a location or event			
2163	described in Subsections (1)(a) through (d).			

2164	(2) A school employee or student may not engage in [hazing or cyber-bullying]
2165	cyber-bullying or hazing a school employee or student at any time or in any location.
2166	Section 39. Section 53G-9-603 is amended to read:
2167	53G-9-603. Retaliation and making a false allegation prohibited.
2168	(1) A school employee or student may not engage in retaliation against:
2169	(a) a school employee;
2170	(b) a student; or
2171	(c) an investigator for, or a witness of, an alleged incident of bullying, cyber-bullying
2172	hazing, or retaliation.
2173	(2) A school employee or student may not make a false allegation of bullying,
2174	cyber-bullying, hazing, abusive conduct, or retaliation against a school employee or student.
2175	Section 40. Section 53G-9-604 is amended to read:
2176	53G-9-604. Parental notification of certain incidents and threats required.
2177	(1) A school shall:
2178	(a) notify a parent if the parent's student threatens suicide; or
2179	(b) notify the parents of each student involved in an incident [of bullying,
2180	cyber-bullying, hazing, abusive conduct, or retaliation of the incident involving each parent's
2181	student] and the action plan to address the incident.
2182	(2) (a) [Hf a school notifies a parent of an incident or threat required to be reported
2183	under Subsection (1), the school shall] When a student threatens suicide or is involved in an
2184	incident, the school shall produce and maintain a record that:
2185	(i) [produce and maintain a record that verifies that the parent was notified of the
2186	incident or threat] verifies that the school notified each parent in accordance with Subsection
2187	<u>(1);</u>
2188	(ii) tracks implementation of the action plan addressing the incident, if applicable;
2189	$[\frac{(ii)}{(iii)}]$ $[\frac{(iii)}{(iii)}]$ $[\frac{(2)(a)(i)}{(2)(a)}]$ in $[\frac{(2)(a)(i)}{(2)(a)}]$ in
2190	accordance with the requirements of:
2191	(A) Title 53E, Chapter 9, Part 2, Student Privacy;
2192	(B) Title 53E, Chapter 9, Part 3, Student Data Protection;
2193	(C) the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act, 20 U.S.C. Sec. 1232g; and
2194	(D) 34 C.F.R. Part 99; and

2195	[(iii)] (iv) provide the parent with:
2196	(A) suicide prevention materials and information; and
2197	(B) information on ways to limit the student's access to fatal means, including a firearm
2198	or medication.
2199	(b) The state superintendent shall select the materials and information described in
2200	Subsection $[\frac{(2)(a)(iii)}{(2)(a)(iv)}$ in collaboration with the state suicide prevention coordinator
2201	and public education suicide prevention coordinator.
2202	[(3) A local school board or charter school governing board shall adopt a policy
2203	regarding the process for:]
2204	[(a) notifying a parent as required in Subsection (1); and]
2205	[(b) producing and retaining a record that verifies that a parent was notified of an
2206	incident or threat as required in Subsection (2).]
2207	[(4)] (3) At the request of a parent, a school may provide information and make
2208	recommendations related to an incident or threat described in Subsection (1).
2209	$\left[\frac{(5)}{4}\right]$ A school shall:
2210	(a) provide a student a copy of a record maintained in accordance with this section that
2211	relates to the student if the student requests a copy of the record; and
2212	(b) expunge a record maintained in accordance with this section that relates to a
2213	student if the student:
2214	(i) has graduated from high school; and
2215	(ii) requests the record be expunged.
2216	Section 41. Section 53G-9-605 is amended to read:
2217	53G-9-605. Bullying, cyber-bullying, hazing, abusive conduct, and retaliation
2218	policy.
2219	(1) [On or before September 1, 2018, an LEA governing board shall update the LEA
2220	governing board's bullying, cyber-bullying, hazing, and retaliation policy to include abusive
2221	conduct] An LEA governing board shall adopt a bullying, cyber-bullying, hazing, abusive
2222	conduct, and retaliation policy.
2223	(2) [A policy] The LEA governing board shall:
2224	(a) [be developed only] develop the policy with input from:
2225	(i) students;

2226	(ii) parents;
2227	(iii) teachers;
2228	(iv) school administrators;
2229	(v) school staff; or
2230	(vi) local law enforcement agencies; and
2231	(b) provide protection to a student, regardless of the student's legal status.
2232	(3) [A policy shall include the following components] The LEA governing board shall
2233	include the following components in the policy:
2234	(a) definitions of bullying, cyber-bullying, hazing, [and] abusive conduct, and
2235	retaliation that are consistent with this part;
2236	(b) language prohibiting bullying, cyber-bullying, hazing, and abusive conduct;
2237	(c) language prohibiting retaliation [against an individual who reports conduct that is
2238	prohibited under this part] as described in Section 53G-9-603;
2239	(d) language prohibiting making a false report of bullying, cyber-bullying, hazing,
2240	abusive conduct, or retaliation;
2241	(e) language outlining appropriate punishments for a student who shares a recording of
2242	an act of bullying, cyber-bullying, hazing, abusive conduct, and retaliation in order to impact or
2243	encourage future incidents;
2244	[(e)] (f) as required in Section 53G-9-604, a process for parental notification of:
2245	(i) a student's threat [to commit] of suicide; [and]
2246	(ii) an incident [of bullying, cyber-bullying, hazing, abusive conduct, or retaliation],
2247	involving the parent's student; and
2248	(iii) implementation of the school's action plan to address the incident;
2249	[(f)] (g) a grievance process for a school employee who has experienced abusive
2250	conduct;
2251	[(g)] (h) [an action plan to address a reported incident of bullying, cyber-bullying,
2252	hazing, or retaliation] a requirement that the school or LEA create and implement an action
2253	plan for each incident in accordance with Section 53G-9-605.5;[and]
2254	(i) a communication process requiring the school or LEA regularly updates each parent
2255	of a student involved in an incident regarding implementation of an action plan, including:
2256	(i) the outcome of the school's or LEA's investigation;

2257	(ii) a discussion of safety considerations for the student who is the subject of the
2258	incident; and
2259	(iii) an explanation of the school's or LEA's process for addressing the incident; and
2260	[(h)] (j) a requirement for a signed statement annually, indicating that the individual
2261	signing the statement has received the LEA governing board's policy, from each:
2262	(i) school employee;
2263	(ii) student who is at least eight years old; and
2264	(iii) parent of a student enrolled in the [charter school or school district] <u>LEA</u> .
2265	(4) [A copy of a] An LEA shall, in relation to the policy [shall be] described in this
2266	section:
2267	(a) [included] include a copy in student conduct handbooks;
2268	(b) [included] include a copy in employee handbooks; and
2269	(c) [provided] provide a copy to a parent of a student enrolled in the charter school or
2270	school district.
2271	(5) A policy may not permit formal disciplinary action that is based solely on an
2272	anonymous report of bullying, cyber-bullying, hazing, abusive conduct, or retaliation.
2273	(6) Nothing in this part is intended to infringe upon the right of a school employee,
2274	parent, or student to exercise the right of free speech.
2275	Section 42. Section 53G-9-605.5 is enacted to read:
2276	53G-9-605.5. Bullying incident action plan.
2277	(1) A school or LEA shall create an action plan for an incident.
2278	(2) In an action plan, the school or LEA shall include:
2279	(a) a communication plan designed to keep each parent updated on the implementation
2280	of the action plan;
2281	(b) with respect to the student to whom the incident was directed and in direct
2282	coordination with the student's parent:
2283	(i) a tailored response to the incident that addresses the student's needs;
2284	(ii) a mechanism to consider consequences or accommodations the student may need
2285	regarding decreased exposure or interactions with the student who caused the incident;
2286	(iii) notification of the consequences and plan to address the behavior of the student
2287	who caused the incident;

2288	(iv) supportive measures designed to preserve the student's access to educational
2289	services and opportunities; and
2290	(v) to the extent available, access to other resources the parent requests for the student;
2291	<u>and</u>
2292	(c) with respect to the student who caused the incident and in direct coordination with
2293	the student's parent:
2294	(i) a range of tailored and appropriate consequences, making reasonable effort to
2295	preserve the student's access to educational services and activities;
2296	(ii) a process to determine and provide any needed resources related to the underlying
2297	cause of the incident;
2298	(iii) supportive measures designed to preserve the student's access to educational
2299	services and opportunities while protecting the safety and well-being of other students; and
2300	(iv) a process to remove the student from school in an emergency situation, including a
2301	description of what constitutes an emergency.
2302	(3) A school or LEA may not include in an action plan a requirement that the student to
2303	whom the incident was directed change the student's:
2304	(a) educational schedule or placement; or
2305	(b) participation in a school sponsored sport, club, or activity.
2306	(4) A school or LEA shall establish an appeals process for a student who causes an
2307	incident or the student's parent to appeal one or more of the consequences included in an action
2308	<u>plan.</u>
2309	(5) If, after a school or LEA attempts to involve a parent in the development and
2310	implementation of an action plan, the parent chooses not to participate in the process, the
2311	school or LEA may develop and implement an action plan without the parent's involvement.
2312	Section 43. Section 53G-9-606 is amended to read:
2313	53G-9-606. Model policy and state board duties.
2314	(1) [On or before September 1, 2018, the] The state board shall:
2315	(a) [update the state board's] create a model policy on bullying, cyber-bullying, hazing,
2316	abusive conduct, and retaliation [to include abusive conduct]; and
2317	(b) post the model policy described in Subsection (1)(a) on the state board's website.
2318	(2) The state board shall require an LEA governing board to report annually to the state

2319	board on:
2320	(a) the LEA governing board's policy, including implementation of the signed
2321	statement requirement described in Subsection 53G-9-605(3);
2322	(b) the LEA governing board's training of school employees relating to bullying,
2323	cyber-bullying, hazing, and retaliation described in Section 53G-9-607;
2324	(c) the demographics of an individual who is subject to bullying, hazing,
2325	cyber-bullying, or retaliation subject to:
2326	(i) Title 53E, Chapter 9, Part 2, Student Privacy;
2327	(ii) Title 53E, Chapter 9, Part 3, Student Data Protection;
2328	(iii) the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act, 20 U.S.C. Sec. 1232g; and
2329	(iv) 34 C.F.R. Part 99; and
2330	(d) other information related to this part, as determined by the state board.
2331	Section 44. Section 53G-9-607 is amended to read:
2332	53G-9-607. Training, education, and prevention Standards.
2333	(1) An LEA shall designate at least one individual at the LEA level who:
2334	(a) provides training to an individual described in Subsection (2);
2335	(b) oversees the implementation of an action plan;
2336	(c) for each incident, monitors implementation of the LEA's policy regarding a
2337	communication process with a parent described in Section 53G-9-605;
2338	(d) acts as the LEA liaison to the state board regarding bullying, cyber-bullying,
2339	hazing, abusive conduct, and retaliation; and
2340	(e) assists a school with case-specific needs when the school is addressing an incident.
2341	[(1)] (2) (a) An LEA governing board shall include in the training of a school employed
2342	training regarding:
2343	(i) bullying, cyber-bullying, hazing, abusive conduct, and retaliation; and
2344	(ii) applicable civil rights laws.
2345	(b) [that] An LEA governing board shall ensure the training described in Subsection
2346	(2)(a) meets the standards described in Subsection $[(4)]$ (5) .
2347	[(b)] (c) An LEA governing board may offer voluntary training to parents and students
2348	regarding [abusive conduct] bullying, cyber-bullying, hazing, abusive conduct, or retaliation.
2349	[(2)] (3) To the extent that state or federal funding is available for this purpose. LEA

2350	governing boards are encouraged to implement programs or initiatives, in addition to the
2351	training described in Subsection [(1)] (2), to provide for training and education regarding, and
2352	the prevention of, bullying, cyber-bullying, hazing, abusive conduct, and retaliation.
2353	[(3)] (4) The programs or initiatives described in Subsection $[(2)]$ (3) may involve:
2354	(a) the establishment of a bullying task force; or
2355	(b) the involvement of school employees, students, or law enforcement.
2356	[(4)] (5) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking
2357	Act, the state board shall make rules that establish standards for high quality training related to:
2358	(a) bullying, cyber-bullying, hazing, abusive conduct, and retaliation[:]; and
2359	(b) applicable civil rights laws.
2360	Section 45. Section 63H-7a-103 is amended to read:
2361	63H-7a-103. Definitions.
2362	As used in this chapter:
2363	(1) "911 account" means the Unified Statewide 911 Emergency Service Account,
2364	created in Subsection 63H-7a-304(1).
2365	(2) "911 call transfer" means the redirection of a 911 call from the person who initially
2366	receives the call to another person within the state.
2367	(3) "Association of governments" means an association of political subdivisions of the
2368	state, established pursuant to an interlocal agreement under Title 11, Chapter 13, Interlocal
2369	Cooperation Act.
2370	(4) "Authority" means the Utah Communications Authority created in Section
2371	63H-7a-201.
2372	(5) "Backhaul network" means the portion of a public safety communications network
2373	that consists primarily of microwave paths, fiber lines, or ethernet circuits.
2374	(6) "Board" means the Utah Communications Authority Board created in Section
2375	63H-7a-203.
2376	(7) "CAD" means a computer-based system that aids PSAP dispatchers by automating
2377	selected dispatching and record-keeping activities.
2378	(8) "CAD-to-CAD" means standardized connectivity between PSAPs or between a
2379	PSAP and a dispatch center for the transmission of data between CADs.
2380	(9) "Dispatch center" means an entity that receives and responds to an emergency or

2381	nonemergency communication transferred to the entity from a public safety answering point.
2382	(10) "FirstNet" means the federal First Responder Network Authority established in 47
2383	U.S.C. Sec. 1424.
2384	(11) "Lease" means any lease, lease purchase, sublease, operating, management, or
2385	similar agreement.
2386	(12) "Public agency" means any political subdivision of the state dispatched by a public
2387	safety answering point.
2388	(13) "Public safety agency" means the same as that term defined in Section 69-2-102.
2389	(14) "Public safety answering point" or "PSAP" means an entity in this state that:
2390	(a) receives, as a first point of contact, direct 911 emergency communications from the
2391	911 emergency service network requesting a public safety service;
2392	(b) has a facility with the equipment and staff necessary to receive the communication;
2393	(c) assesses, classifies, and prioritizes the communication; [and]
2394	(d) dispatches the communication to the proper responding agency[:]; and
2395	(e) submits information as described in Section 63H-7a-208.
2396	(15) "Public safety communications network" means:
2397	(a) a regional or statewide public safety governmental communications network and
2398	related facilities, including real property, improvements, and equipment necessary for the
2399	acquisition, construction, and operation of the services and facilities; and
2400	(b) 911 emergency services, including radio communications, connectivity, and 911
2401	call processing equipment.
2402	Section 46. Section 63H-7a-208 is amended to read:
2403	63H-7a-208. PSAP advisory committee.
2404	(1) There is established a PSAP advisory committee composed of nine members
2405	appointed by the board as follows:
2406	(a) one representative from a PSAP managed by a city;
2407	(b) one representative from a PSAP managed by a county;
2408	(c) one representative from a PSAP managed by a special service district;
2409	(d) one representative from a PSAP managed by the Department of Public Safety;
2410	(e) one representative from a PSAP from a county of the first class;
2411	(f) one representative from a PSAP from a county of the second class;

2412	(g) one representative from a PSAP from a county of the third or fourth class;
2413	(h) one representative from a PSAP from a county of the fifth or sixth class; and
2414	(i) one member from the telecommunications industry.
2415	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), each member shall be appointed to a
2416	four-year term beginning July 1, 2019.
2417	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(a), the board shall:
2418	(i) at the time of appointment or reappointment, adjust the length of terms to ensure
2419	that the terms of committee members are staggered so that the terms of approximately half of
2420	the committee end every two years; and
2421	(ii) not reappoint a member for more than two consecutive terms.
2422	(3) If a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the replacement shall be
2423	appointed by the board for the unexpired term.
2424	(4) (a) Each January, the committee shall organize and select one of its members as
2425	chair and one member as vice chair.
2426	(b) The committee may organize standing or ad hoc subcommittees, which shall
2427	operate in accordance with guidelines established by the committee.
2428	(5) (a) The chair shall convene a minimum of four meetings per year.
2429	(b) The chair may call special meetings.
2430	(c) The chair shall call a meeting upon request of five or more members of the
2431	committee.
2432	(6) Five members of the committee constitute a quorum for the transaction of business,
2433	and the action of a majority of the members present is the action of the committee.
2434	(7) A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service.
2435	(8) The PSAP advisory committee shall, on behalf of stakeholders, make
2436	recommendations to the director and the board regarding:
2437	(a) the authority operations and policies;
2438	(b) the 911 division and interoperability division strategic plans;
2439	(c) the operation, maintenance, and capital development of the public safety
2440	communications network;
2441	(d) the authority's administrative rules relative to the 911 division and the
2442	interoperability division; and

2443	(e) the development of minimum standards and best practices as described in
2444	Subsection 63H-7a-302(1)(a).
2445	(9) No later than September 30, 2020, the PSAP advisory committee shall propose to
2446	the board a statewide CAD-to-CAD call handling and 911 call transfer protocol.
2447	(10) The chair of the PSAP advisory committee is a nonvoting member of the board.
2448	(11) (a) The committee is not subject to Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings
2449	Act.
2450	(b) The committee shall:
2451	(i) at least 24 hours before a committee meeting, post a notice of the meeting, with a
2452	meeting agenda, on the authority's website;
2453	(ii) within 10 days after a committee meeting, post to the authority's website the audio
2454	and draft minutes of the meeting; and
2455	(iii) within three days after the committee approves minutes of a committee meeting,
2456	post the approved minutes to the authority's website.
2457	(c) The committee's vice chair is responsible for preparing minutes of committee
2458	meetings.
2459	(12) On or before December 31, 2024, the PSAP advisory committee shall coordinate
2460	with the State Bureau of Investigation to use the intelligence system described in Subsections
2461	53-10-302(7) and (8) to:
2462	(a) establish the information a PSAP is required to submit to the intelligence system;
2463	<u>and</u>
2464	(b) create a format for submitting information.
2465	Section 47. Section 63I-1-253 (Eff 07/01/24) (Cont Sup 01/01/25) is amended to read:
2466	63I-1-253 (Eff 07/01/24) (Cont Sup 01/01/25). Repeal dates: Titles 53 through
2467	53G.
2468	(1) Section 53-2a-105, which creates the Emergency Management Administration
2469	Council, is repealed July 1, 2027.
2470	(2) Sections 53-2a-1103 and 53-2a-1104, which create the Search and Rescue Advisory
2471	Board, are repealed July 1, 2027.
2472	(3) Section 53-2d-703 is repealed July 1, 2027.
2473	(4) Section 53-5-703, which creates the Concealed Firearm Review Board, is repealed

- 2474 July 1, 2024.
- 2475 (5) Section 53-22-104.1, School Security Task Force -- Membership -- Duties -- Per
- 2476 diem -- Report -- Expiration, is repealed December 31, 2025.
- 2477 (6) Section 53-22-104.2, School Security Task Force Education Advisory Board, is
- repealed December 31, 2025.
- [(5)] (7) Section 53B-6-105.5, which creates the Technology Initiative Advisory Board,
- 2480 is repealed July 1, 2024.
- 2481 [(6)] (8) Section 53B-7-709, regarding five-year performance goals for the Utah
- 2482 System of Higher Education is repealed July 1, 2027.
- 2483 [(7)] (9) Title 53B, Chapter 8a, Part 3, Education Savings Incentive Program, is
- 2484 repealed July 1, 2028.
- 2485 [(8)] (10) Title 53B, Chapter 17, Part 11, USTAR Researchers, is repealed July 1,
- 2486 2028.
- 2487 [(9)] (11) Section 53B-17-1203, which creates the SafeUT and School Safety
- 2488 Commission, is repealed January 1, 2025.
- 2489 [(10)] (12) Title 53B, Chapter 18, Part 16, USTAR Researchers, is repealed July 1,
- 2490 2028.
- [(11)] (13) Title 53B, Chapter 18, Part 18, Electrification of Transportation
- 2492 Infrastructure Research Center, is repealed on July 1, 2028.
- [(12)] (14) Subsection 53C-3-203(4)(b)(vii), which provides for the distribution of
- 2494 money from the Land Exchange Distribution Account to the Geological Survey for test wells
- and other hydrologic studies in the West Desert, is repealed July 1, 2030.
- 2496 [(13)] (15) Subsections 53E-3-503(5) and (6), which create coordinating councils for
- youth in custody, are repealed July 1, 2027.
- 2498 [(14)] (16) In relation to a standards review committee, on January 1, 2028:
- 2499 (a) in Subsection 53E-4-202(8), the language "by a standards review committee and the
- recommendations of a standards review committee established under Section 53E-4-203" is
- 2501 repealed; and
- 2502 (b) Section 53E-4-203 is repealed.
- 2503 [(15)] (17) Section 53E-4-402, which creates the State Instructional Materials
- 2504 Commission, is repealed July 1, 2027.

- 2505 [(16)] (18) Title 53E, Chapter 6, Part 5, Utah Professional Practices Advisory
- 2506 Commission, is repealed July 1, 2033.
- 2507 [(17)] (19) Section 53F-2-420, which creates the Intensive Services Special Education
- 2508 Pilot Program, is repealed July 1, 2024.
- 2509 [(18)] (20) Section 53F-5-213 is repealed July 1, 2023.
- $[\frac{(19)}{21}]$ Section 53F-5-214, in relation to a grant for professional learning, is
- 2511 repealed July 1, 2025.
- 2512 [(20)] (22) Section 53F-5-215, in relation to an elementary teacher preparation grant, is
- 2513 repealed July 1, 2025.
- 2514 [(21)] (23) Section 53F-5-219, which creates the Local Innovations Civics Education
- 2515 Pilot Program, is repealed on July 1, 2025.
- 2516 [(22)] (24) Subsection 53F-9-203(7), which creates the Charter School Revolving
- 2517 Account Committee, is repealed July 1, 2024.
- 2518 $\left[\frac{(23)}{(25)}\right]$ (25) Subsections 53G-4-608(2)(b) and (4)(b), related to the Utah Seismic Safety
- 2519 Commission, are repealed January 1, 2025.
- 2520 [(24)] (26) Section 53G-9-212, Drinking water quality in schools, is repealed July 1,
- 2521 2027.
- 2522 [(25)] (27) Title 53G, Chapter 10, Part 6, Education Innovation Program, is repealed
- 2523 July 1, 2027.
- Section 48. Section **63I-1-253** (Contingently Effective **01/01/25**) is amended to read:
- 2525 63I-1-253 (Contingently Effective 01/01/25). Repeal dates: Titles 53 through 53G.
- 2526 (1) Section 53-2a-105, which creates the Emergency Management Administration
- 2527 Council, is repealed July 1, 2027.
- 2528 (2) Sections 53-2a-1103 and 53-2a-1104, which create the Search and Rescue Advisory
- Board, are repealed July 1, 2027.
- 2530 (3) Section 53-2d-703 is repealed July 1, 2027.
- 2531 (4) Section 53-5-703, which creates the Concealed Firearm Review Board, is repealed
- 2532 July 1, 2024.
- 2533 (5) Section 53-22-104.1, School Security Task Force -- Membership -- Duties -- Per
- 2534 diem -- Report -- Expiration, is repealed December 31, 2025.
- 2535 (6) Section 53-22-104.2, School Security Task Force Education Advisory Board, is

2566

Pilot Program, is repealed July 1, 2024.

2536 repealed December 31, 2025. 2537 [(5)] (7) Section 53B-6-105.5, which creates the Technology Initiative Advisory Board, 2538 is repealed July 1, 2024. 2539 [(6)] (8) Section 53B-7-709, regarding five-year performance goals for the Utah 2540 System of Higher Education is repealed July 1, 2027. 2541 [(7)] (9) Title 53B, Chapter 8a, Part 3, Education Savings Incentive Program, is 2542 repealed July 1, 2028. 2543 [(8)] (10) Title 53B, Chapter 17, Part 11, USTAR Researchers, is repealed July 1, 2544 2028. 2545 [(9)] (11) Section 53B-17-1203, which creates the SafeUT and School Safety 2546 Commission, is repealed January 1, 2025. 2547 [(10)] (12) Title 53B, Chapter 18, Part 16, USTAR Researchers, is repealed July 1, 2028. 2548 [(11)] (13) Title 53B, Chapter 18, Part 18, Electrification of Transportation 2549 2550 Infrastructure Research Center, is repealed on July 1, 2028. 2551 [(12)] (14) Subsection 53C-3-203(4)(b)(vii), which provides for the distribution of money from the Land Exchange Distribution Account to the Geological Survey for test wells 2552 2553 and other hydrologic studies in the West Desert, is repealed July 1, 2030. 2554 [(13)] (15) Subsections 53E-3-503(5) and (6), which create coordinating councils for vouth in custody, are repealed July 1, 2027. 2555 [(14)] (16) In relation to a standards review committee, on January 1, 2028: 2556 (a) in Subsection 53E-4-202(8), the language "by a standards review committee and the 2557 2558 recommendations of a standards review committee established under Section 53E-4-203" is 2559 repealed; and 2560 (b) Section 53E-4-203 is repealed. [(15)] (17) Section 53E-4-402, which creates the State Instructional Materials 2561 Commission, is repealed July 1, 2027. 2562 2563 [(16)] (18) Title 53E, Chapter 6, Part 5, Utah Professional Practices Advisory 2564 Commission, is repealed July 1, 2033. [(17)] (19) Section 53F-2-420, which creates the Intensive Services Special Education 2565

- 2567 [(18)] (20) Section 53F-5-213 is repealed July 1, 2023.
- 2568 [(19)] (21) Section 53F-5-214, in relation to a grant for professional learning, is
- 2569 repealed July 1, 2025.
- 2570 $\left[\frac{(20)}{(22)}\right]$ Section 53F-5-215, in relation to an elementary teacher preparation grant, is
- 2571 repealed July 1, 2025.
- [(21)] (23) Section 53F-5-219, which creates the Local Innovations Civics Education
- 2573 Pilot Program, is repealed on July 1, 2025.
- 2574 $\left[\frac{(22)}{24}\right]$ (a) Subsection 53F-9-201.1(2)(b)(ii), in relation to the use of funds from a
- loss in enrollment for certain fiscal years, is repealed on July 1, 2030.
- (b) On July 1, 2030, the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel shall
- renumber the remaining subsections accordingly.
- 2578 [(23)] (25) Subsection 53F-9-203(7), which creates the Charter School Revolving
- 2579 Account Committee, is repealed July 1, 2024.
- 2580 [(24)] (26) Subsections 53G-4-608(2)(b) and (4)(b), related to the Utah Seismic Safety
- 2581 Commission, are repealed January 1, 2025.
- 2582 [(25)] (27) Section 53G-9-212, Drinking water quality in schools, is repealed July 1,
- 2583 2027.
- 2584 [(26)] (28) Title 53G, Chapter 10, Part 6, Education Innovation Program, is repealed
- 2585 July 1, 2027.
- Section 49. Section 63I-2-253 (Superseded 07/01/24) is amended to read:
- 2587 63I-2-253 (Superseded 07/01/24). Repeal dates: Titles 53 through 53G.
- 2588 (1) Section 53-1-118 is repealed on July 1, 2024.
- 2589 (2) Section 53-1-120 is repealed on July 1, 2024.
- 2590 (3) Section 53-7-109 is repealed on July 1, 2024.
- 2591 (4) Section 53-22-104 is repealed December 31, 2023.
- 2592 (5) Section 53-22-104.1, School Security Task Force -- Membership -- Duties -- Per
- 2593 diem -- Report -- Expiration, is repealed December 31, 2025.
- 2594 (6) Section 53-22-104.2, School Security Task Force Education Advisory Board, is
- repealed December 31, 2025.
- 2596 [(5)] (7) Section 53B-6-105.7 is repealed July 1, 2024.
- [(6)] (8) Section 53B-7-707 regarding performance metrics for technical colleges is

```
2598
        repealed July 1, 2023.
2599
                [\frac{7}{1}] (9) Section 53B-8-114 is repealed July 1, 2024.
2600
                [<del>(8)</del>] (10) The following provisions, regarding the Regents' scholarship program, are
2601
        repealed on July 1, 2023:
2602
                (a) in Subsection 53B-8-105(12), the language that states, "or any scholarship
2603
        established under Sections 53B-8-202 through 53B-8-205";
2604
                (b) Section 53B-8-202;
                (c) Section 53B-8-203;
2605
2606
                (d) Section 53B-8-204; and
2607
                (e) Section 53B-8-205.
2608
                [9] (11) Section 53B-10-101 is repealed on July 1, 2027.
2609
                [\frac{(10)}{(12)}] (12) Subsection 53E-1-201(1)(s) regarding the report by the Educational
2610
        Interpretation and Translation Services Procurement Advisory Council is repealed July 1, 2024.
                [(11)] (13) Section 53E-1-202.2, regarding a Public Education Appropriations
2611
        Subcommittee evaluation and recommendations, is repealed January 1, 2024.
2612
2613
                [(12)] (14) Section 53F-2-209, regarding local education agency budgetary flexibility,
2614
        is repealed July 1, 2024.
                [(13)] (15) Subsection 53F-2-314(4), relating to a one-time expenditure between the
2615
2616
        at-risk WPU add-on funding and previous at-risk funding, is repealed January 1, 2024.
                [(14)] (16) Section 53F-2-524, regarding teacher bonuses for extra work assignments.
2617
2618
        is repealed July 1, 2024.
                [(15)] (17) Section 53F-5-221, regarding a management of energy and water pilot
2619
2620
        program, is repealed July 1, 2028.
                [\frac{(16)}{(18)}] (18) Section 53F-9-401 is repealed on July 1, 2024.
2621
2622
                [\frac{(17)}{(19)}] (19) Section 53F-9-403 is repealed on July 1, 2024.
                [(18)] (20) On July 1, 2023, when making changes in this section, the Office of
2623
2624
        Legislative Research and General Counsel shall, in addition to the office's authority under
2625
        Section 36-12-12, make corrections necessary to ensure that sections and subsections identified
2626
        in this section are complete sentences and accurately reflect the office's perception of the
        Legislature's intent.
2627
2628
                Section 50. Section 63I-2-253 (Effective 07/01/24) is amended to read:
```

2659

(b) Section 53B-8-202;

2629 63I-2-253 (Effective 07/01/24). Repeal dates: Titles 53 through 53G. 2630 (1) Subsection 53-1-104(1)(b), regarding the Air Ambulance Committee, is repealed 2631 July 1, 2024. 2632 (2) Section 53-1-118 is repealed on July 1, 2024. (3) Section 53-1-120 is repealed on July 1, 2024. 2633 (4) Section 53-2d-107, regarding the Air Ambulance Committee, is repealed July 1, 2634 2635 2024. 2636 (5) In relation to the Air Ambulance Committee, on July 1, 2024, Subsection 2637 53-2d-702(1)(a) is amended to read: 2638 "(a) provide the patient or the patient's representative with the following information before contacting an air medical transport provider: 2639 (i) which health insurers in the state the air medical transport provider contracts with; 2640 2641 (ii) if sufficient data is available, the average charge for air medical transport services 2642 for a patient who is uninsured or out of network; and 2643 (iii) whether the air medical transport provider balance bills a patient for any charge not 2644 paid by the patient's health insurer; and". 2645 (6) Section 53-7-109 is repealed on July 1, 2024. 2646 (7) Section 53-22-104 is repealed December 31, 2023. (8) Section 53-22-104.1, School Security Task Force -- Membership -- Duties -- Per 2647 diem -- Report -- Expiration, is repealed December 31, 2025. 2648 2649 (9) Section 53-22-104.2, School Security Task Force Education Advisory Board, is 2650 repealed December 31, 2025. [(8)] (10) Section 53B-6-105.7 is repealed July 1, 2024. 2651 2652 [(9)] (11) Section 53B-7-707 regarding performance metrics for technical colleges is 2653 repealed July 1, 2023. 2654 $[\frac{(10)}{(12)}]$ (12) Section 53B-8-114 is repealed July 1, 2024. 2655 [(11)] (13) The following provisions, regarding the Regents' scholarship program, are 2656 repealed on July 1, 2023: (a) in Subsection 53B-8-105(12), the language that states, "or any scholarship 2657 established under Sections 53B-8-202 through 53B-8-205"; 2658

2660 (c) Section 53B-8-203; 2661 (d) Section 53B-8-204; and 2662 (e) Section 53B-8-205. 2663 $[\frac{(12)}{(14)}]$ (14) Section 53B-10-101 is repealed on July 1, 2027. 2664 [(13)] (15) Subsection 53E-1-201(1)(s) regarding the report by the Educational 2665 Interpretation and Translation Services Procurement Advisory Council is repealed July 1, 2024. 2666 [(14)] (16) Section 53E-1-202.2, regarding a Public Education Appropriations Subcommittee evaluation and recommendations, is repealed January 1, 2024. 2667 2668 [(15)] (17) Section 53F-2-209, regarding local education agency budgetary flexibility, 2669 is repealed July 1, 2024. 2670 [(16)] (18) Subsection 53F-2-314(4), relating to a one-time expenditure between the 2671 at-risk WPU add-on funding and previous at-risk funding, is repealed January 1, 2024. 2672 [(17)] (19) Section 53F-2-524, regarding teacher bonuses for extra work assignments. 2673 is repealed July 1, 2024. [(18)] (20) Section 53F-5-221, regarding a management of energy and water pilot 2674 2675 program, is repealed July 1, 2028. 2676 $[\frac{(19)}{(21)}]$ (21) Section 53F-9-401 is repealed on July 1, 2024. $[\frac{(20)}{(20)}]$ (22) Section 53F-9-403 is repealed on July 1, 2024. 2677 [(21)] (23) On July 1, 2023, when making changes in this section, the Office of 2678 2679 Legislative Research and General Counsel shall, in addition to the office's authority under 2680 Section 36-12-12, make corrections necessary to ensure that sections and subsections identified 2681 in this section are complete sentences and accurately reflect the office's perception of the 2682 Legislature's intent. 2683 Section 51. Section **76-10-505.5** is amended to read: 76-10-505.5. Possession of a dangerous weapon, firearm, or short barreled 2684 2685 shotgun on or about school premises -- Penalties. (1) As used in this section, "on or about school premises" means: 2686 (a) (i) in a public or private elementary or secondary school; or 2687 (ii) on the grounds of any of those schools; 2688 2689 (b) (i) in a public or private institution of higher education; or 2690 (ii) on the grounds of a public or private institution of higher education; [and] or

2691	[(iii)]
2692	[(A)] (c) (i) inside the building where a preschool or child care is being held, if the
2693	entire building is being used for the operation of the preschool or child care; or
2694	[(B)] (ii) if only a portion of a building is being used to operate a preschool or child
2695	care, in that room or rooms where the preschool or child care operation is being held.
2696	(2) A person may not possess any dangerous weapon, firearm, or short barreled
2697	shotgun, as those terms are defined in Section 76-10-501, at a place that the person knows, or
2698	has reasonable cause to believe, is on or about school premises as defined in this section.
2699	(3) (a) Possession of a dangerous weapon on or about school premises is a class B
2700	misdemeanor.
2701	(b) Possession of a firearm or short barreled shotgun on or about school premises is a
2702	class A misdemeanor.
2703	(4) This section does not apply if:
2704	(a) the person is authorized to possess a firearm as [provided under] described in
2705	Section 53-5-704, 53-5-705, 76-10-511, or 76-10-523, or as otherwise authorized by law;
2706	(b) the person is authorized to possess a firearm as [provided under] described in
2707	Section 53-5-704.5, unless the person is in a location where the person is prohibited from
2708	carrying a firearm under Subsection 53-5-710(2);
2709	(c) the possession is approved by the responsible school administrator;
2710	(d) the item is present or to be used in connection with a lawful, approved activity and
2711	is in the possession or under the control of the person responsible for its possession or use;
2712	(e) the actor is as an armed school security guard as described in Section 53G-8-704; or
2713	$\left[\frac{(e)}{(f)}\right]$ the possession is:
2714	(i) at the person's place of residence or on the person's property; or
2715	(ii) in any vehicle lawfully under the person's control, other than a vehicle owned by
2716	the school or used by the school to transport students.
2717	(5) This section does not:
2718	(a) prohibit prosecution of a more serious weapons offense that may occur on or about
2719	school premises; or
2720	(b) prevent an actor from securely storing a firearm on the grounds of a school if the
2721	actor:

2722	(i) participates in the school guardian program created in Section 53-22-105; and	
2723	(ii) complies with the requirements for securely storing the firearm.	
2724	Section 52. Repealer.	
2725	This bill repeals:	
2726	Section 53G-8-703.2, LEA establishment of SRO policy Public comment.	
2727	Section 53. FY 2025 Appropriation.	
2728	The following sums of money are appropriated for the fiscal year beginning July 1,	
2729	2024, and ending June 30, 2025. These are additions to amounts previously appropriated fo	r
2730	fiscal year 2025.	
2731	Subsection 53(a). Operating and Capital Budgets.	
2732	Under the terms and conditions of Title 63J, Chapter 1, Budgetary Procedures Act,	the
2733	Legislature appropriates the following sums of money from the funds or accounts indicated for	
2734	the use and support of the government of the state of Utah.	
2735	ITEM 1 To Department of Public Safety - Programs & Operations	
2736	From General Fund \$2,118,	100
2737	Schedule of Programs:	
2738	Department Commissioner's Office \$2,118,100	
2739	The Legislature intends that:	
2740	(1) \$2,003,600 be used for personnel connected to the state security chief described	l in
2741	Section 53-22-102;	
2742	(2) \$60,000 be used for systems integration costs, vehicles, and equipment for the	
2743	personnel of the state security chief; and	
2744	(3) \$54,500 be used for ongoing stipends for school guardian volunteers described	in
2745	Section 53-22-105	
2746	ITEM 2 To State Board of Education - Contracted Initiatives and Grants	
2747	From Income Tax Fund \$2,100,0	000
2749	From Public Education Economic Stabilization Restricted \$100,000,0	000
2748	Account, One-time	
2749	Schedule of Programs:	
2750	Early Warning Program \$2,100,000	

2751	School Safety and Support Grant \$100,000,000	
	Program	
2752	The Legislature intends that:	
2753	(1) in accordance with Section 53F-4-207, the State Board of Education use	
2754	\$2,100,000 to select a third-party provider for a statewide contract to provide student	
2755	intervention early warning software to local education agencies for an online data reporting	
2756	tool, digital platform, or enhancement to existing tools.	
2757	(2) \$98,700,000 of the \$100,000,000 for the School Safety and Support Grant Program	n
2758	in this item be used as follows:	
2759	(a) \$50,000,000 is used for:	
2760	(i) supporting general grants to local education agencies priotized by need as the scho	ol
2761	security task force described in Section 53-22-104.1 determines in coordination with the state	
2762	secuirty chief and the school safety center; and	
2763	(ii) research expenses supporting the work of the school security task force as the	
2764	co-chairs of the school security task force authorize; and	
2765	(b) \$48,700,000 for targeted grants to local education agencies under the school safety	y
2766	needs assessment described in 53G-8-701.5;	
2767	(3) \$1,300,000 of the \$100,000,000 for the School Safety and Support Grant Program	
2768	in this item be used to coordinate the payment of one-time costs for the Department of Public	
2769	Safety for costs related to expenses for duties described in Section 53-22-102, including	
2770	vehicles and equipment for personnel of the state security chief, systems integration costs,	
2771	guardian stipends, and financial services overtime costs;	
2772	(4) in accordance 63J-1-603, the one-time appropriation provided under this item not	
2773	lapse at the close of fiscal year 2025 and the use of any nonlapsing funds is limited to the	
2774	purposes described in the grant program found in Section 53F-5-220.	
2775	ITEM 3 To State Board of Education - Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind	
2776	From Income Tax Fund \$45,700)
2777	Schedule of Programs:	
2778	Administration \$45,700	
2779	The Legislature intends that the State Board of Education use the \$45,700 to provide the Utah	L

5th Sub. (Salmon) H.B. 84

		` '		
2780	Schools for the Deaf and the Blind with school security personnel, firearms training, and panic			
2781	alert system equipment required in this bill.			
2782	ITEM 4	To Legislature - Senate		
2783	From General Fund, One-time \$1			\$11,200
2784	Schedule of Programs:			
2785		Administration	\$11,200	
2786	ITEM 5	To Legislature - House of	Representatives	
2787	From General Fund, One-time			\$11,200
2788	Schedule of Programs:			
2789		Administration	\$11,200	
2790	ITEM 6 To Legislature - Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel			
2791	From General Fund, One-time \$19,90			\$19,900
2792	Schedule of Programs:			
2793		Administration	\$19,900	
2794	Section 54. Effective date.			
2795	(1) Except as provided in Subsections (2) and (3), this bill takes effect on May 1, 2024.			
2796	(2) The actions affecting Sections 63I-1-253 (Eff 07/01/24) (Cont Sup 01/01/25) and			
2797	63I-2-253 (Effective 07/01/24) take effect July 1, 2024.			
2798	(3) The actions affecting Section 63I-1-253 (Contingently Superseded 01/01/25) take			
2799	effect January 1, 2025.			